

BSW
Third Semester
PROBLEMS OF WEAKER SECTION IN
NORTH EAST INDIA
(BSW - 14)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Part-A (Objective) =20
Part-B (Descriptive) =50

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

Answer any *five* of the following questions:

1. Define weaker section. Briefly explain about the different weaker sections of India. (2+8=10)
2. Define Schedule Cast in India? Briefly explain the atrocities faced by SCs in the country. (3+7=10)
3. Briefly explain the theories of Cast system. (10)
4. Define Schedule Tribe. Write a brief note on the problems faced by tribal population in the country. (3+7=10)
5. Write short notes on the following: (5+5=10)
 - a. Child Labour
 - b. Child abuse
6. Briefly explain the problems faced by the following two groups of society. (5+5=10)
 - a. Aged people.
 - b. Person living with HIV/AIDS.
7. Briefly explain women and children as weaker section of the society. (5+5=10)
8. Briefly explain the constitutional provisions meant for weaker section of the society in India. (10)

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Duration: 20 minutes

Marks – 20

(PART A- Objective Type)

I. Choose the correct answer:

1×20=20

1. Article _____ provides for reservation of seats for SCs and STs in Lok Sabha.
a. 330 b. 331 c. 332 d. 334
2. The maintenance and welfare of senior citizen act was passed in the year
a. 2007 b. 2005 c. 1950 d. 1986
3. The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act was passed in the year
a. 1986 b. 1987 c. 1988 d. 1989
4. Gerontology is the study of
a. Childhood c. Aging
b. Disability d. None of the above
5. Which Article of Indian constitution defines Schedule Tribe?
a. 14 b. 366(25) c. 49(c) d. 342
6. For the tribal of India Geographical separation is a
a. Problem c. Community Property
b. Strength d. None of Above
7. According to Article 15 the State to make any special provision in favour of _____.
a. Women and children c. NGOs
b. Disabled d. None of the above
8. The word "Caste" owes its origins to the
a. Spanish c. German
b. Greek d. None of the above
9. Juvenile Justice Care and Protection Act is meant for
a. Children c. Infant
b. Girl child d. None of the above

10. Free and compulsory education for the children below the age of 14 years is mentioned in..... of Indian constitution.
- a. Article 21A c. Article 45
b. Article 42 d. Article 43
11. In which year The Prohibition of Child Marriage Act passed?
- a. 2006 b. 2005 c. 2003 d. 1986
12. HIV stands for
- a. Human Immunodeficiency Virus c. Human Immune Virus
b. Human Immunodeficit Virus d. None of the above
13. In _____, the State is directed to promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people and to protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation
- a. Article 45 c. Article 47
b. Article 46 d. Article 48
14. The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, passed in the year
- a. 1955 b. 1956 c. 1957 d. None of the above
15. ICDS stands for
- a. Integrated Child Development Service
b. Indian Child Development Service
c. International Child Development Service
d. Integrated Child Development Society
16. Find the correct form of caste hierarchy in India:
- a. Brahman → Khastriya → sudra → basya
b. Khastruya → brahman → sudra → basya
c. Brahman → Khastriya → basya → sudra
d. Khastruya → brahman → basya → sudra
17. Which article of Indian constitution mentioned about abolition of untouchability?
- a. Article 16 c. Article 18
b. Article 17 d. None of the above
18. In which year the Person with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act passed?
- a. 1995 b. 1998 c. 1992 d. None of the above
19. Section 376 of Indian Penal Code deals with
- a. Rape c. Kidnapping
b. Molestation d. None of the above
20. National Commission for women was founded in the year
- a. 1992 b. 1993 c. 1994 d. 1995
