

**BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK**  
**Third Semester**  
**Social Action & Social Advocacy**  
**(BSW- 13)**

**Duration: 3Hrs.**

**Full Marks: 70**

**Part-A (Objective) =20**  
**Part-B (Descriptive)=50**

**(PART-B: Descriptive)**

**Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.**

**Marks: 50**

**1. Write short notes on (any five)**

**2×5=10**

- a) What is social action?
- b) What is advocacy?
- c) Explain the various principles of social action.
- d) Explain the various models of social action.
- e) Explain the concept of Bhoodan.
- f) Explain the importance of advocacy for health and food
- g) What is a social movement?

**2. Explain the following questions (any five)**

**3×5=15**

- a) The Saul Alinsky theory of social action.
- b) The various types of advocacy.
- c) The relevance of social action.
- d) The scope of social action in Indian context.
- e) Mahatma Gandhi Philosophy on Sarvodaya
- f) The various tools of advocacy.
- g) The various methods of advocacy.

**3. Answer the following questions (any five)**

**5×5=25**

- a) What is the difference between social action and social reform?
- b) Explain the various strategies of social action.
- c) Explain the various tactics generally applied for social action
- d) Explain the relationship between social action and social work.
- e) Explain the various types of social movement with suitable examples.
- f) Paulo Friere theory of social action.
- g) Explain the various theories of social action.

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*(The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions)*

**Duration: 20 minutes**

**Marks – 20**

**PART A- Objective Type**

**1. All the questions are compulsory.**

**1×20=20**

- a) Strike is one of the strategies of social action. **True/false**
- b) The aim of social action is to address the socio, political, economic, ecological and ethical issues. **True/false**
- c) Social action activities not include:
- |                                |                       |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| i. Donation                    | ii. Relief Work       |
| iii. Public Policy Initiatives | iv. Advocacy Campaign |
- d) The social action first of all used by Mary Richmond in the year
- |           |          |
|-----------|----------|
| i. 1922   | ii. 1935 |
| iii. 1940 | iv. 1945 |
- e) Social action means “Mass betterment through propaganda and social legislation. **True/false**
- f) Social action is an individual, group and community efforts. **True/false**
- g) Advocacy means raising voice on behalf of others. **True/false**
- h) Social action and social movement are same. **True/false**
- i) Peasant movement is one of the examples of social movement. **True/false**
- j) Social action and social movements share same ideology, beliefs and values. **True/false**
- k) Social movement is an unplanned process. **True/false**

l) Dalit movement was initiated by:

i. Dr. Ambedkar

ii. Mahatma Gandhi

iii H.H Perlmen

iv Mary Richmond

m) Brito has categories social action into:

i. One form

ii. Two forms

iii Three forms

iv. Four forms

n) Action initiated without people participation is called Elitist social action.

**True/false**

o) Legislative social action, economic sanction, and direct physical are the types of elitist social action.

**True/false**

p) When the elites make use of their power to influence economic condition is called legislative social action.

**True/false**

q) When elites tend to punish those responsible for injustice is called direct physical social action.

**True/false**

r) Social action is the primary method of social work profession.

**True/false**

s) Slogan is one of the strategies for social action.

**True/false**

t) Boycott is a dramatic way of influencing public opinion.

**True/false**

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