REV-00 BPY/06/10

### **BA PSYCHOLOGY**

#### Fourth Semester Philosophical Foundation of Education BPY- 17 (O)

Duration: 3Hrs.	Full Marks: 70	
(PART-B: Descriptive)		
uration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.	Marks: 50	
I. Answer the following (any five):	2×5=10	
1. What is enthropocentrism?		
2. Name the methods of teaching advocated by existentialism	1.	
3. Define pragmatism.		
4. What do you understand by naturalism?		
5. Name two exponents of idealism.		
6. What is philosophy?		
7. What is the relationship between philosophy and aims of e	education?	
II. Answer briefly any five of the following questions:	3×5=15	
1. List the important characteristics of philosophy.		
2. How can you consider philosophy as a way of life?		
3. Give the features of idealistic education.		
4. How is discipline maintained in naturalism?		
5. How does pragmatism influence the aims of education?		
6. What do you understand by Existentialism?		
7. Mention the methods of teaching introduced by naturalism one of them.	and explain any	
III. Explain any five of the following questions:	5×5=25	
1. Discuss the relationship between philosophy and education		
2. What was the nature of curriculum as given by the Idealist		
3. Why do you feel Naturalism supports the idea of child-cen	tric education?	

4. How has pragmatism evolved as a contemporary philosophy?

5. Discuss the scope of philosophy.

6. Mention the chief features of Naturalism.

7. "Naturalism is the exclusion of whatever is spiritual". Explain.

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# BA PSYCHOLOGY Fourth Semester Philosophical Foundations of Education BPY- 17 (O)

(The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions)

### **Duration: 20 minutes**

## (PART A- Objective)

Time: 20 mins

**Total Marks: 20** 

Marks - 20

1. The word "Philosophy" has a Greek origin. (Yes/No)

- 2. The literal meaning of Philosophy is Love of:a) Knowledgeb) Truthc) Natured) Wisdom
- 3. "Everyone follows a Philosophy whether he is aware of it or not". Who quoted the above statement?

4. What does the Indian philosophy "darshan" means?
a) realisation of self
b) perception of truth
d) wisdom

5. Socratic method of teaching was based on :

a) conferencing	b) questioning and examining
c) synthesis	d) all of the above

6. Plato referred to education as the dynamic side of philosophy. (Yes/No)

7. Who introduced negative education?

- 8. In India idealism is reflected in the:
  - a) philosophy of Vedas and Upanishads
  - c) concept of nirvana

- b) concept of darshan
- d) none of the above

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Marks: 20

 $1 \times 20 = 20$ 

9. What is reality according to Naturalism?a) mindb) individual

- c) nature or matter d) truth
- 10. Pragmatism is also known as Experimentalism. (Yes/No)
- 11. Which of the following is a modern philosophy?a) idealismb) naturalismc) existentialismd) pragmatism
- 12. The term existentialism was coined by\_\_\_\_\_
- 13. Idealism stresses on the imitation method of teaching. (Yes/No)
- 14. The meaning of the word "pragma" is:a) materialb) actionsc) changed) reality
- 15. Which philosophy gives more importance to the material world?

16. In Idealism discipline is:	
a) free	b) restricted
c) compulsory	d) self-directing

- 17. Herbert Spencer advocated three types of life activities to be included in a naturalistic curriculum. (Yes/No)
- 18. Change in the world is the basic idea of pragmatist philosophy. (Yes/No)
- 19. Who is the father of Existentialism?
- 20. Pragmatism believes in:
  - a) theory of ideas
  - c) theory of motion

b) theory of evolutiond) theory of spiritualism

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