(i) a and b

(ii) a, b and c

## **BA SOCIOLOGY**

## **Second Semester Public Administration** (BSO - 09)

(The fi	gures in the marg	in indicate full ma	rks for the questions)	
Duration: 20 minutes				Marks – 20
	(D.A	DT A Objective		
	(FA	ART A- Objective)		
Tick the correct answer.				(1x20=20)
1. Who was regarded as the	father of public Adm	inistration?		
a. Woodrow Wilson	b. Henry Fayol	c. Max Weber	d. L.D. Whit	
2. Administration would d explains the:	iffer from one field	to another according	g to the subject matter.	This statement
a. Managerial view of adr	ministration b. W	Vilder view of adminis	stration	
c. Integral view of admini	istration d. N	arrower view of admi	nistration	
3. Who coined the acronym	POSDCORB?			
a. Gullick and Urwick	b. L. Gullick	c.Henry Fayol		
4. Who of the following sup	ported the manageria	l view of administrati	on?	
a. L.D. White	b. Simon & Smithb	ourg		
c. Urwick	d. W.F. Willoughby	y		
5. Which of the following sta	atements are correct	about Public Adminis	tration?	
a. It is the management of	affairs of governmen	nt.		
b. It is the non-political bu	reaucratic machinery	y of government		
c. It operates within a poli	tical context			
d. It is the action part of the				
1				

(iii) b, c and d

(iv) a, b, c and d

6. "The art of administration is the direction, co-ordination and control of many persons to achieve some purpose or objective." This is said by:							
a. Karl Marx	b. L. Gullick						
c. L.D. White	d. Henry Fay	ol					
7. Who of the fol administration?	7. Who of the following administrative thinkers do not make a distinction between public and priva administration?						
a. Henry Fayol	b. L. Urwick	c.	Simon	d. M.P. Follet			
(i) a and b	(ii) b and c	(ii	ii) b, c and d	(iv) a, b and d			
8. Arrange the following stages in the evolution of Public Administration as a discipline in the chronological order:							
a. Principles of A	dministration	b. Focus on Inter	-Disciplinary studi	ies			
c. Era of Challeng	ges	d. Politics-Administration Dichotomy					
(i) a, b, c, d	(ii) d, a, c, b	(iii) b, c, a, d	(iv) c, d, b, a				
9. Which of the following is described as anti-theoretic, anti-positivist and anti-hierarchical?							
a. Development Administration b. New Public Administration							
c. Comparative Administration d. Administrative Development							
10. The term "Deve	lopment Administration	" was first coined	by:				
a. Edward Weidn	b. Montgome	ery c.	U. L. Goswami	d. F.W. Riggs			
11. The Minnow brook Conference held under the patronage of:							
a. Campbell	b. R.K. Arora	c.	Dwight Waldo	d. David Easton			
12. Who first coined the term "Bureaucracy"?							
a. Max Weber	b. Vincent de	Gourney c.	F. m. Marx	d. Karl Marx			
13. "A system is a set or arrangement of things so related or connected as to form a unity or organic whole". This is said by:							
a. Webster	b. T. Parsons	c. M.P. Follet	d. H.	Simon			
14. The term "New Public Management" came into existence in:							
a. 1960s	b. 1991	c. 1980s	d. 199	90s			
15. The first Minnow brook Conference was held in:							

c. 1920

d. 1968

a. 1977

b. 1986

16.	Who analysed the concept	ot of Civil Society in to	wentieth centur	y?					
	a. Antonio Gramsci	b. Karl Marx		c. G. Huggins	d. J. Alexander				
17.	7. The term "New Public Management" was coined by:								
	a. Henry Fayol	b. Ted Gaebler	c. Dw	right Waldo	d. Christopher Hood				
18.	18. "Civil Society is the organized society over which the state rules", said by:								
	a. Larry Diamond	b. S.K. Das	c. N.G. Jayal	d. Hegel					
19. Good Governance is associated with and administration in a democratic framework									
	a. efficient & effective		b. transparent	t & efficient					
	c. accountability & effective		d. None of these						
20	20. The concept of good governance was conceived in:								
	a. 1986	b. 1960	c. 1989	d. 1990					

## BA SOCIOLOGY Second Semester Public Administration (BSO - 09)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

1. Answer the following questions (any four)

5 x 4=20

- a) Nature of Public Administration.
- b) Good Governance.
- c) Importance of Decision-Making in Administration.
- d) Major landmarks in the growth of New Public Administration.
- e) Accountability in Administration.
- f) What is the action of glucagon?

2. Answer the following questions (any three)

10 x 3=30

- a) Define Public Administration. Differentiate between Public and Private Administration.
- b) Critically discuss the System Approach.
- c) What is the concept of Development Administration? Enumerate its characteristics.
- d) Explain the role of Civil Society in Public Administration.

\*\*\*\*\*\*