#### **BA SOCIOLOGY**

## Second Semester Indian Economy, Planning and Policy

(BSO - 08)

(The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions)

Duration: 20 minutes Marks – 20

### (PART A- Objective)

#### Answer the following

1×20=20

2013/02

5.

6.

- 1. Rural to urban migration is due to
  - a. Poverty
  - b. Unemployment
  - c. Attraction to city
  - d. a and b
- **2.** Estimates of National Income are prepared by
  - a. Reserve Bank of India
  - b. Ministry of Finance
  - c. Central Statistical Organisation
  - d. Planning Commission
- **3.** Which of the following is the cause for low productivity in agriculture?
  - a. Land ceiling
  - b. Rainfed areas
  - c. Rural Industrialisation
  - d. Subdivision and fragmentation of land

Select the correct answer using the codes given below: Codes

- A. a and b B. c and b C. a and d D. b and d
- 4. Unemployment in India is due to
  - a. Poor manpower planning
  - b. Population explosion
  - c. Inappropriate educational system
  - d. All the above

5. Which of the following must always balance in the foreign trade of a country? a. Balance of trade b. Balance of payments c. Balance of current account d. None of the above 6. Subsidies mean payment a. By assemblent for purchase of goods and services b. Made by business enterprises to factors of production c. Made by companies to shareholders d. Made by government to business enterprises without buying any goods and services 7. The salient features of India's foreign trade include a. Unfavourable trade balance b. Diversification of exports c. Rising share of non traditional exports d. All the above 8. Net exports are negative when a. Exports are more than imports b. Imports are more than exports c. Net investment is positive d. None of the above contingencies are there 9. Region wise India's exports in recent years is more towards a. Europe b. Asia c. Africa d. USA 10. The sectoral composition of real Gross Domestic Product in recent years shows that the share of the primary sector is a. Declining b. Increasing c. Fluctuating d. Remains constant 11. The share of the private sector in the Net Domestic Product in recent years is on the a. Increase b. Fluctuating c. Remains the same d. Decline 12. The present rate of inflation is primarily caused by a. Global factor b. Supply constraints of basic food articles c. High indirect taxes

d. Price of petroleum

# BA SOCIOLOGY Second Semester Indian Economy, Planning and Policy (BSO - 08)

uration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

1. Answer any five of the following

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

- a. What does commercialisation of agriculture mean?
- b. Define National Income.
- c. Define Balance of payment.
- d. What does import mean?
- e. What does export mean?
- f. Write the full form of MRTP, FERA and FEMA
- g. Mentions any five MNCs operating in India.

2. Answer any four of the following

 $5 \times 4 = 20$ 

- a. Mention any five features of Land Reform.
- b. Mention any five characteristics of Indian Economy.
- c. Mention any five problems facing by the Indian Agriculture.
- d. What does Agricultural Finance mean? Mention any three sources of Agricultural Finance.
- e. Discuss the trend in National Income growth at factor cost.
- f. Discuss the main problem of cottage and small scale industries in India.
- g. Suggest measures to overcome the problems of cottage and small scale industries in India.

3. Answer any two of the following

 $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

- a. Discuss the economic consequences of British rule.
- b.Green revolution promoted the problem of Regional Inequalities. Discuss critically.
- c. Examine the Industrial Policy statement of 1991.
- d. Critically discuss the role of foreign trade in the developing countries.

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