MSZ

First Semester

Animal Physiology, Endocrinology and Neuroscience (MSZ-03)

uration: 3Hrs. (PART-B: Descriptive)

Full Marks: 70

Marks: 50

1. Answer the following (any five):

2x5=10

- a) Mention the role of salivary amylase in digestion.
- b) What is pheromone? Define with examples.
- c) 'Placenta can act an endocrine unit', Justify with reasons.
- d) What are Glucocorticods?
- e) Define endothermy.

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

- f) Write four differences each between aestivation and hibernation.
- g) Define the different cells of the pancreas.

2. Answer the following (any five):

3x5=15

- a) Discuss the role of pancreatic enzymes indigestion.
- b) What are the pace maker and pace setter of a human heart. Mention the functions of both of these.
- c) Discuss the various phases of Estrous cycle.
- d) Discuss on the neuronal factors that plays a vital role in ageing.
- e) Write a brief note on stress and hormones.
- f) Aspects of chemoreception-Discuss.
- g) What are the different mechanisms of Thermoregulation.

3. Answer the following (any five):

5x5 = 25

- a) Give an account on hypothalamus and its hormones.
- b) What is a neuron? Describe the origin and micropropagation of nerve impulse in a non-myelinated nerve fiber.
- c) Discuss on the role of gonadotropins and steroids in estrous cycle.
- d) Explain the counter current theory of urine formation with suitable diagram.
- e) How is oxygen transported in blood? Discuss the Oxygen dissociation curve and its physiological significance.
- f) Elaborate on the patterns of nitrogen excretion in different animal groups.
- g) Write an essay on Biolunisscene.

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M.Sc. ZOOLOGY

First Semester

Animal Physiology, Endocrinology and Neuroscience

(MSZ - 03)

		(14132 - 03)	
		PART A: Objective	
Duration: 20 minutes			Marks – 20
	lect the correct answer:		1 × 20 = 20
1.	. Uricotelic animals		
	a) Excrete Amonia as th	eir principal waste	
	b) Excrete urea as princi	pal waste	
1	c) Uric acid		
	d) Both Urea and uric ac	id	
2.	cardiac stroke volume is		
	a) Is the amount of blood	d, pumped by ventricle in one beat	
	b) It is the amount of blo	od pumped by the ventricle in one minute	
	c) Its normal value is 50	40	
	d) Its normal value is 40	ml	
3.	The basic functional unit of h	uman kidney is	
	a) Nephron	b) Pyramid	
+	c) Henles' loop	d) Ornithine cycle	
4.	4. Which part of nephron is impermeable to water		
9	a) PTC	b) DTC	
	c) Descending limb of He	enle d) Ascending limb of Henle	
5.	Amount of Haemoglobin in a normal adult man is		
	a) 28gm/ml	b) 15gm/ml	
	c) 23gm/ml	d) 40gm.ml	
6.	Axons carry .		
	a) Impulse into the cell	b) Out of the cell	
	c) Both	d) None	
7.	Erythropoiesis is		
	a) Breaking of RBC	b) formation of RBC	
	c) Collection of RBCs	d) All of the above.	

8. Growth hormone release- inhibiti	ng hormone is also called		
a) Somattropin	b) Somatostatin		
c) Prolactin	d) None		
9. Cone cells are sensitive to			
a) Bright light	b) Dim light		
c) Both	d) None.		
10. Most carbon dioxide is carried in l	blood as		
a) Oxyhemogbobin	b) Carbonic anhydrase		
c) Bicarbonate	d) Carbaminohemoglobin		
11. All vertebrates have			
a) An open circulatory system	b) A closed circulatory system		
c) A four chambered heart	d) Both b & c		
12. Glomerular filtration moves fluid i	nto –		
a) Collecting ducts	b) Proximal tubules		
c) Glomerular capillaries	d) Bowmans capsule.		
13. Bile has role in digestion and absor	rption of		
a) Carbohydrate	b) Protein		
c) Fat	d) Amino acid		
14. Digestion is completed and most n	utrients are absorbed in the		
a) Mouth	b) small intestine		
c) Stomach	d) colon		
15. Chemoreceptors play a role in the	Chemoreceptors play a role in the sense of		
a) Hearing	b) smell		
c) Vision	d) pain		
16. Thermoregulation is also called as	S		
17. Visual pigment of Rod cell is	48/09/14		
18. Endocrine glands are	glands		
19. Blood is a	Blood is a tissue.		
20. Hormone term was introduced by	1 176 JB740		
