(<u>PART-B : Descriptive</u>)

REV-00 MSW/20/25

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Time : 2 hrs. 40 min. M		
	[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]	
1.	Write your concept of Industrial Relations. Brief the IR objectives.	3+7=10
2.	What is the significance of CSR? Elaborate the IR practice in India with a suitable example.	5+5=10
3.	What do you mean by trade union? Brief the trade union objectives and functions.	2+8=10
4.	Emphasize the significance of industrial relations and elaborate the IR problems in the public sector.	10
5.	Explain the causes of Industrial Disputes and examine its impact on Industrial relations.	10
6.	Explain the causes for industrial accidents. Suggest preventive measures and safety provisions to ensure Industrial safety.	; 10
7.	Write short notes on : a) Standing orders. b) Grievance procedure.	10
8.	As a Head, Human Resource Department what are the practices most suitable to Indian scenario to have Industrial peace.	10

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4

	FOU	OF SOCIAL WORK RTH SEMESTER CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES	
		MSW-403 C	
	(Use separate answer	scripts for Objective & Descriptive)	
Du	ration : 3 hrs.	Full Marks : 1	
Гin	(<u>PAR1</u> ne : 20 min.	<u>`-A : Objective</u>) Marks : .	
Cl	hoose the correct answer from th	ne following: 1x20=2	
1.	Which of the following is usually not an objective of industrial relations?		
	a. Connectedness	b. Collective wisdom	
	c. Conflict prevention	d. None of the above	
2.	Identify the major actor of industria	l relations from the following:	
	a. Employers	b. Unions	
	c. Government	d. All of the above	
3.	That the authority rests solely with the management with no right to anyone to challenge it is the basis of the:		
	a. Pluralist approach	b. System approach	
	c. Unitary approach	d. Social action approach	
4.	"The balance of power is not vested with anyone group; rather, it is maintained		
	between the parties to the industrial relations." This is the essence of the:		
	a. Pluralist approach	b. System approach	
	c. Unitary approach	d. Social action approach	
5.	That the behaviour, actions and role of the individuals are primarily shaped by the cultures of the society is the basic assumption in the:		
	a. Pluralist approach	b. System approach	
	c. Unitary approach	d. Social action approach	
6.	Which of the following approaches assumes that the understanding of industrial relations requires an understanding of the capitalized society?		
	a. Marxist approach	b. Gandhian approach	
	c. Human relations approach	d. Giri approach	
7.	The utility of non-violence as the means of conflict resolution is the core principle of the:		
	a. Marxist approach	b. Gandhian approach	
	c. Human relations approach	d. None of these	
8.	"Organizations are made up of people and the success of management lies in its dealings with these people." This is the fundamental of the:		
	a. Marxist approach	b. Gandhian approach	
	c. Human relations approach	d. Giri approach	

1

2018/06

- 9. Which of the following approaches assumes that voluntary negotiations between employers and employees are a means of settling disputes?
 - a. Marxist approach
- b. Giri approachd. Gandhian approach
- 10. Which of the following approaches insists on investigating the underlying trends and patterns in the cause and effect of industrial disputes?
 - a. Gandhian approach

c. Human relations approach

- b. Giri approachd. Pluralist approach
- 11. Productivity bargaining is considered as a classic example of the:
 - a. Oxford school approachc. Human relations approach

c. Industrial sociology approach

- b. Giri approachd. Gandhian approach
- 12. Which Act provides for the provision of Medical Benefit to the insured employees?
 - a. Workmen Compensation Act, 1923.
 - b. Employees State Insurance Act, 1948.
 - c. Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.
 - d. Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition Act), 1970.
- 13. The performance appraisal method which rates the appraisee on various parameters on a point scale is:
 - a. Critical Incident Method
 - c. Graphic Rating Sheet
- b. MBO Methodd. Bell Curve Appraisal
- 14. Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition Act), 1970 can be classified into the category of:
 - a. Social Security Act

c. Welfare Act

- b. Industrial Relations Actd. Commercial Act
- 15. Job Evaluation is a technique which aims at:
 - a. Establishing fair and equitable pay structure.
 - b. Analyzing of requirement of updating technology.
 - c. Assessing safety requirement of jobs.
 - d. Improving productivity.
- 16. Under what circumstances the gratuity of an employee can be forfeited?
 - a. Willful omission or negligence.
 - b. Termination for riotous or disorderly conduct.
 - c. Offence involving moral turpitude.
 - d. All of the above.
- 17. Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 provides the following industrial relations machinery for resolution of conflicts: (Tick mark the wrong one):
 - a. Negotiation b. Conciliation c. Meditation d. Arbitration
- 18. When a young person joins an organization he needs some senior person in whom he can confide and get advice and support. Such relationship may be called:
 - a. Monitoring
 - c. Listening

b. Counsellingd. Understanding

- 19. As per Factories Act, 1948 canteen should be provided in factory where more than _____ workers are employed.
 a. 100 b. 250 c. 600 d. 1000
- **20.** The logical and possible sequences of positions that could be held by an individual based on what and how well he performs in an organization is called:
 - a. Career
 - c. Career Path

- b. Career Anchorsd. Succession Planning