

MA SOCIOLOGY
First Semester
PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY
(MSO - 101)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Part-A (Objective) =20
Part-B (Descriptive) =50

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

Answer any four from Question no. 2 to 8
Question no. 1 is compulsory.

1. Define Sociology. Write briefly on the origin and development of Sociology. (4+6=10)
2. What is social process? Distinguish between competition and conflict with suitable example. (4+6=10)
3. What do you mean by Social stratification? Discuss the forms of social stratification giving examples from your own society. (4+6=10)
4. Give a suitable definition of culture and write how it influences the formation of personality. (4+6=10)
5. Discuss about "Family as a means of major agent of Socialisation". (10)
6. Express the meaning of social change. Discuss the characteristics of social change. (10)
7. How Sociology is related with Anthropology? What are the differences between these two Social Sciences? (10)
8. Do you think that youth unrest is a one kind of social problem? Critically evaluate the causes of youth unrest with special reference to North East. (10)

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Duration: 20 minutes

Marks – 20

(PART A - Objective Type)

I. Choose the correct answer:

1×20=20

1. Who said “Society is the web of Social relationship”?
(a) George Simmel
(b) Bon Wiese
(c) Max Weber
2. “Sociology is the Science which attempts the interpretive understanding of social action” – who comment it?
(a) Ogburn and Nimkoff
(b) Pictirim Sorokin
(c) Herbert Spencers
3. When did University of Science and Technology opened the department of sociology?
(a) 2011
(b) 2013
(c) 2012
4. The social and economic inequality in the Society can be bridged by?
(a) Executive and legislative action
(b) Universal suffrage
(c) Identical treatment
5. “Association is usually working together of people to achieve some purpose” whose comment is this?
(a) Morris Ginsbeg
(b) Bogardus
(c) Ginsberg
6. What are the special characteristics of society according to H.M. Johnson?
(a) Mutual awareness
(b) Dynamism
(c) Definite territory

7. To study the relationship of family size with income a researcher classifies his population into different income slabs and then takes a random of sampling. What type of sampling is followed?
- (a) Random sampling
 - (b) Stratified Random Sampling
 - (c) Clusters Sampling
8. The change that the Gandhian movement brought among the India masses was?
- (a) Physical
 - (b) Cultural
 - (c) Phychological
9. In which social group's characteristics in face to face relationships?
- (a) Primary Group
 - (b) Secondary Group
 - (c) Out Group
10. Functional Theory of Social stratification has forwarded by-
- (a) Kingsly Devis
 - (b) Herbert Risley
 - (c) P. Gisbert
11. Sorkin has defined two types of social mobility, one in Horizontal and the other is
-
12. Who wrote the book "Primitive Culture"?
- (a) Edward Tylore
 - (b) B. Malinovask
 - (c) Kohen
13. Do you agree that culture and civilization go hand in hand?
- Yes/No
14. Which is the main need in social life?
- (a) Co-operation
 - (b) Conflict
 - (c) Competition
15. Who said "The history of hitherto existing society in the history of class struggle"?
- (a) Robert Merton
 - (b) Maxweber
 - (c) Karl Marx
16. Who is the first Sociologist to deal at length with social contract?
- (a) J.S. Ross
 - (b) H.M. Johnson
 - (c) Edward Ross

17. As an academic discipline, sociology emerged first in –
- (a) America
 - (b) Germany
 - (c) France
18. Which of the following author belongs to synthetic school of sociology?
- (a) Max Weber
 - (b) Emile Durkheim
 - (c) Von Wiese
19. A group of people having formal membership and constitution and pursuing a definite goal is called a/an –
- (a) Institution
 - (b) Association
 - (c) Community
20. According to government list, how many caste groups are identified as scheduled caste?
- (a) 13
 - (b) 14
 - (c) 15
