## MA SOCIOLOGY **FOURTH SEMESTER** SOCIOLOGY OF MARGINALIZED COMMUNITIES MSO-404 B

	(Use separate answer script	s for Objective & Descriptive)		
Du	ration: 3 hrs.	Fu	ull Marks: 70	
	( PART-A:	Objective )		
Time: 20 min. Marks: 20				
Choose the correct answer from the following: 1x20=			1x20=20	
1.	Munda Rebellion took place in which reg a. Punjab c. Chhotanagpur region	gion?  b. Andhra Pradesh d. Assam	ericula e To Misold, 13	
2.	Articleof the constitution de economic interests of Scheduled Castes, sof Society.  a. Article 46			
	c. Article 14	d. Article 45		
3.	De notified Tribes (DNTs) were originall a. 1871 c. 1855	y listed under the Criminal Tribe b. 1878 d. 1955	s Act of:	
4.	The Satya Shodhak Samaj was established by:			
	a. Dayananda Saraswati	b. Jyothirao Phule		
	c. Swami Vivekananda	d. B.R. Ambedkar		
5. Who is the author of the book "Social Movements in India"?				
	a. Verrier Elwin	<b>b.</b> Andre Beteille		
	c. L.P Vidyarthi and B.K Rai	d. M.S.A Rao		
6.	6. Article Empowers the state to investigate the condition of the Bac Classes and to help them by grants, etc.		kward	
	a. Article 40	b. Article 45		
	c. Article 46	d. Article 15		
7.	Ramkrishna Mission was founded in:			
	a. 1898	b. 1897		
	c. 1896	<b>d.</b> 1899		
8.	Marginalization means:			
	a. Forced to occupy the side	b. At the centre of thing		
	c. Both (a) and (b)	d. None of these		
9.	Scheduled Tribes is a term used for:	h Pich poorlo	111	

d. All of these

c. People below poverty line

10.	· Who said "Varna model has produced a wrong and destroyed image of caste"?		
	a. M.N Srinivas	b. Raja Ram Mohan Roy	
	c. Narayana Guru	d. Swami Vivekananda	
11.	The tribal area of Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram are separately dealt w the provisions of the administration are to be found in which of the following schedule of the Indian constitution?		
	a. 2nd schedule	b. 3rd schedule	
	c. 5th schedule	d. 6th schedule	
12.	Which is the largest tribe in India?		
	a. Gond	b. Bhils	
	c. Santhal	d. Munda	
13.	Uplift of the Backward Classes was the main programme of the:		
	a. Arya Samaj	b. Satya Shodhak Samaj	
	c. Brahma Samaj	d. None of these	
14.	Who was the founder of Arya Samaj?		
	a. Raja Ram Mohan Roy	b. Mahatma Gandhi	
	c. Swami Vivekananda	d. Dayananda Saraswati	
15.	Kalelkar Commission was appointed in:		
	a. 1953	b. 1955	
	c. 1965	d. 1977	
16.	Article 17 of Indian Constitution is related to which of the following?		
	a. Abolition of gender equality	b. Abolition of gender equality	
	c. Abolition of discrimination	d. Abolition of Untouchability	
17.	Which article of Indian constitution promotes educational and economic interests of		
	Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other weaker sections?		
	a. Article 15	b. Article 16	
	c. Article 46	d. Article 17	
18.	Female Infanticide Prevention Act was passed in:		
	a. 1879	b. 1870	
	c. 1866	d. 1999	
19.	The Commission of Sati Prevention Act was passed:		
	a. 1999	b. 1988	
	c. 1987	d. 1990	
20.	Mandal Commission was appointed in:		
	a. 1985	b. 1988	
	a 1000	d 1070	

## PART-B: Descriptive

Time: 2 hrs. 40 min. Marks: 50 [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] 1. Schedule Castes have suffered extreme poverty, deprivation and 10 discrimination over a period of time. Elucidate and Comment. 2. Critically examine the caste system in India. 10 3. Write a detail note on status of women in Indian society. 10 4. What do you mean by social movement? Discuss the role of Christian 2+8=10 missionaries in social reform movements in India. 5. What do you mean by untouchable? Discuss the role of Dr. B.R 2+8=10 Ambedkar in the removal of untouchability. 6. What do you mean by Senior citizen? Explain various schemes for the 3+7=10 benefit of Senior Citizens in India. 7. Who are the Backward Classes? Discuss the major problems of other 3+7=10 backwards. 8. What do you mean by tribe? Indicate the major provisions enshrined in 3+7=10 the constitution of India for their development.

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