| 1 | | | REV-00 MSB/01/05 | | 2018/06 |
|----|--|--------------|--|--|------------------------|
| Ti | (<u>PART-B : Descriptive</u>) ne : 2 hrs. 40 min. Ma | arks: 50 | M. S SECO ADVANCED PLANT PH MSB | Sc. BOTANY ND SEMESTER IYSIOLOGY & BIOCHEMIST – 202(REPEAT) scripts for Objective & Descriptive) | °RY Full Marks : 70 |
| | [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] | | (<u>PART</u> Time : 20 min. | - <u>A : Objective</u>) | Marks : 20 |
| 1. | Describe source-sink concept and assimilate partitioning during vegetative and reproductive phase. | 4+3+3 =10 | <i>Choose the correct answer from th</i>1. Choose the incorrect statement out ofa. Only L amino acids are found in the | the followings | 1×20=20 |
| 2. | a. Describe the physiological responses of plants to gibberellins.b. Discuss the relationship between gibberellins production and | 6+4=10 | b. Glycine is optical inactive c. Tyrosine is a modified amino acid | | |
| | hydrolytic enzyme synthesis and release in germinating barley grain. | | d. Seleno cysteine is 21 st amino acid2. Which out of the following is a nonsy | mbiotic photosynthetic bacteria | |
| 3. | Write short notes on: a. Classification of amino acids | 6+4 =10 | a. Clostridium c. Azotobacter | b. Cytonemataceae d. Chlorobium | |
| | b. Collagen triple helix structure | | 3. Which of the following amino acid is a. Leucine | a limiting amino acid in pulses? b. Methionine | |
| 4. | Write the differences between chla and chlb .Describe the structure of chlorophyll molecule. | 6+4 =10 | c. Lysine | d. Glutamine | |
| 5. | Write short notes on: a. "Transpiration is a necessary evil" Justify. b. "Donnan equilibrium" theory of solute uptake. | 5+5=10 | 4. A child with tall stature, loose joints, a in collagen. Which of the following an to be altered in mutations that distort a. Glycine | nino acids is the recurring amino | |
| 6. | What is epigeai and hypogeal germination? Describe the physiological and biochemical changes during germination. | 3+7 =10 | c. Tyrosine5. Triacylglycerols are | d. Tyrosine | |
| 7. | a. How respiration is differ from photorespiration?b. Explain the energy release during respiration on the basis of reaction. | 5+5=10 | a. Insoluble in water b. Soluble in water at elevated temper c. Soluble in water d. Partially soluble in water | erature | |
| 8. | Discuss about active site of enzyme? Discuss the derivation of Michelis- Menten Rapid equilibrium kinetics. | 4+6 =10 | 6. Which of the following is not a function a. Inducing dormancy c. Enhancing cell division | on of auxin b. Inducing callus format d. Maintaining apical dor | |

[4]

[1]

| 7. During the germination of co | conut, the major stored food is digested by |
|---------------------------------|---|
| a. a-amylase | b. lipase |
| c. protease | d. trypsin |

8. The enzyme catalyzing the reversible conversion of starch to glucose phosphate in transpiration

a. Zymase c. Phosphorylase

b. Catalase d. Peroxidase

- 9. Munch's hypothesis accounts for translocation of organic solutes only a. Downward direction b. Upward direction d. Lateral translocation c. Both
- 10. Mineral salts in their ionic form move from one cell to another by **b.** Transmembrane pathways a. Apoplastic pathways d. All of the above c. Symplastic pathways

11. Element responsible for maintain turgor in cell is

| 1 | Element responsible for munitum targor | meen | 1.5 |
|---|--|------|-----|
| | a. Na | b | K |
| | c. Ca | d | Hg |

12. Feed back inhibition in translocation of solutes causes a. Increase photosynthesis h Reduce photosynthesis

| D. Reduct | e photosynthesis |
|------------|------------------|
| d. Increas | se translocation |

13. P-proteion is found in

c. Both

| a. Xylem | |
|-------------------|--|
| c. Companion cell | |

b. Sieve tube d. Phloem parenchyma

14. Photosynthetic pigments are found in chloroplast in the form of pigment protein complexes chiefly in

| oids |
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| membrane |
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15. Which one is most efficient converter of sunlight?

b. Sugarcane a. Rice c. Wheat d. Mustrad

| 16. Final or terminal electron acceptor in ETS isa. Oxygenb. Cyt a3 | | | |
|--|------------------|--|--|
| c. Cyt b | d. More than one | | |
| 17. 10 molecules of $NADH_2$ released | | | |
| a. 38 ATP | b. 30 ATP | | |
| c. 10 ATP | d. 3 ATP | | |
| 18. The main limiting factor which limits the rate of photosynthesis on a clear day is | | | |
| a. Light | b. Chlorophyll | | |
| c. Carbon dioxide | d. All of these | | |
| 19. Most suitable temperature for vernalization in plants ranges from | | | |
| a. 1-6 °C | b. 1-10 °C | | |
| c. 7-9 °C | d. 5-8 °C | | |
| 20. Which of the following plant is the best example of LDP | | | |
| a. Rice | b. Wheat | | |
| c. Soybean | d. Chrysanthemum | | |

[2]