M.Sc. CHEMISTRY Third Semester INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-III (MSC - 302)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Part-A (Objective) =20 Part-B (Descriptive) =50

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

Answer any four from Question no. 2 to 7 Question no. 1 is compulsory.

1. Describe the preparation, reactivity and bonding in Metal Carbene complexes.

(3+3+4=10)

- 2. (a) Explain the interaction between the heme and dioxygen.
 - (b) Write the mechanism of oxygen transport and co-operativity.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 3. (a) Explain the structure of (LiCH₃)_{4.}
 - (b) Explain the preparation and use of Organo-silicon compounds.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 4. (a) Explain the Toxicity of organo-mercuric compounds.
 - (b) Write briefly about hydroformylation reaction with RhH(CO)(PPh₃)₃

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 5. What is vitamin B_{12} ? Draw the structure of 5'- deoxyadenosylcobamin and give an account of its structural aspects. (1+5+4=10)
- 6. (a) What are the theories of trans effect?
 - (b) Explain outer sphere and inner sphere mechanism using examples.
 - (c) Write the mechanism for acid hydrolysis of octahedral complexes.

(3+4+3=10)

- 7. (a) Explain Rutile structure and perovskite structure with examples.
 - (b) A compound formed by element A and B has a cubic structure in which A atoms are at the corners of the cube and B atoms are the face centres. Derive the formula of the compound.
 - (c) CsCl has cubic structure. Its density is 3.99g/cm³. What is the distance between Cs⁺ and Cl⁻ ions? (At. Mass of Cs= 133)
 - (d) What are the electrical properties of solids?

(4+2+2+2=10)

M.Sc. CHEMISTRY **Third Semester INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-III** (MSC - 302)

Duration: 20 minutes

Marks - 20

(PART A - Objective Type)

I. Choose the correct answer:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

1. Out of the following cyclopentadiene compounds, oxidation occurs very easily in case of –

(a) $(\eta^5 - C_5 H_5)_2$ Fe

(b) $(\eta^5 - C_5 H_5)_2$ Co (d) $(\eta^5 - C_5 H_5)_2$ Co⁺

(c) $(\eta^5 - C_5 H_5)_2 Ru$

- 2. Out of the following compounds which compound has only σ bonded ligands?

(a) $W(CH_3)_6$

(b) $(\eta^5 - C_5 H_5)_2$ Fe

(c) $K[PtCl_3(C_2H_4)]$

- $(d) (CO)_5WC(R)(OMe)$
- 3. The correct order of following carbonyl compounds according to decreasing v_{CO} stretching frequency is-

(a) $Mn(CO)_6^+ > Cr(CO)_6^- > Crdien(CO)_3^- > V(CO)_6^-$

- (b) Crdien(CO)₃ > Cr(CO)₆ > V(CO)₆ > Mn(CO)₆
- (c) $Cr(CO)_6 > V(CO)_6 > Mn(CO)_6^+ > Crdien(CO)_3$
- (d) $V(CO)_6^- > Mn(CO)_6^+ > Crdien(CO)_3 > Cr(CO)_6$
- 4. The replacement of Co by Rh metal catalysts resulted in development of hydrogenation process at-

(a) lower temperature and higher pressure

(b) lower temperature and lower pressure

(c) higher temperature and higher pressure

- (d) higher temperature and lower pressure
- 5. The release of alkane in β-Hydrogen transfer reaction is –

(a) An elimination process

(b) A reductive process

(c) A Reductive elimination process

- (d) An Oxidative elimination process
- 6. Multicenter bonds are formed by nontransition elements with oganic ligands when-

(a) valence shell of M is less than half filled and the Mⁿ⁺ cation is strongly polarizing.

- (b) valence shell of M is less than half filled and the Mⁿ⁺ cation is strongly non-polarizing.
- (c) valence shell of M is more than half filled and the Mⁿ⁺ cation is strongly polarizing.
- (d) valence shell of M is more than half filled and the Mⁿ⁺ cation is strongly non-polarizing.
- 7. The organometallic compounds of nontransition compounds are hydrolysed by water and facilated by
 - (a) the presence of empty orbitals on the metal and the non-polarity of M-C bond.
 - (b) the absence of empty orbitals on the metal and the non-polarity of M-C bond.
 - (c) the absence of empty orbitals on the metal and the polarity of M-C bond.
 - (d) the presence of empty orbitals on the metal and the polarity of M-C bond.

	 8. Tick the correct statement. (a) Alkylboranes are not hydrolysed by water but are pyrophoric. (b) Alkylboranes are hydrolysed by water and are pyrophoric. (c) Alkylboranes are not hydrolysed by water and are not pyrophoric. (d) Alkylboranes are hydrolysed by water and are not pyrophoric. 				
	(a) One elect		is accompanied by (b) Two electron p (d) Four electron p		
	10.In Hemocyan (a) $\mathbf{O_2}^+$ state (c) $\mathbf{O_2}^2$ -state	nins the O_2 is in the	(b) O_2 -state (d) None of the ab	pove	
	11. The difference (a) = C = gro (c) = CH - g	up	and the porphyrin $(b) \equiv C - \text{group}$ $(d) = CH_2 \text{ group}$	ring is the missing of one –	
	12.For a typical (a) 10		ion ratio for [Na ⁺] _{ou} (c) 25	tatside/ [Na ⁺] _{inside} is (d) 35	
13. When the group Q= - CHO, R= - CH ₃ then the heme in cytochrome (a) Heme 'a' (b) Heme 'b' (c) Heme 'c' (d) None of the above				ne in cytochrome is	
	14. The co-ordin of the fluorid (a) 8		e Ba ²⁺ ions in barium (c) 1	m fluorides is 8. The co ordination number (d) 2	
	15.The ionic rac (a) Neon (c) Sodium				
	16.The number (a) 0	of corner-shared ox (b) 1	tygen atoms present (c) 2	in each tetrahedron of $[Si_3O_9]^{6-}$ (d) 4	
	17.Zinc selenide crystallizes in zinc blende structure. The number of Zn and Se present in its unit cell are (a) 8 (b) 6 (c) 4 (d) 12				
	18.Calcium fluo anion respect	8.Calcium fluoride crystallizes in flurite structure. The coordination number for the cation and anion respectively			
	19. The correct of (a) $C_2H_4 > N$	19. The correct decreasing order of relative trans effect (a) $C_2H_4 > NO_2 > Br > Cl$ (b) $NO_2 > C_2H_4 > Br > Cl$ (c) $C_2H_4 > NO_2 > Cl$ > Br- (d) None of these			
	20.In the CsCl s (a) 2	tructure, the numbe (b) 4	er of ions in a unit co	ell is (d) 8	