

**MASTERS OF SOCIAL WORK  
FIRST SEMESTER  
UNDERSTANDING SOCIETY  
MSW - 103**

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Marks: 70

Part : A (Objective) = 20

Part : B (Descriptive) = 50

[ PART-B : Descriptive ]

Duration: 2 Hrs. 40 Mins.

Marks: 50

[ Answer question no. One (1) & any four (4) from the rest ]

1. Define Community. Mention two characteristics of community? Give your reflections on understanding the community of your fieldwork setting. 3+2+5=10
2. What are social norms? What are the characteristics of social norms? 4+6=10
3. Explain the factors facilitating Social Deviance. 10
4. Explain the different stages of formation of social movements? 10
5. Short Notes :- 3+3+4=10
  - i. Sanskritization
  - ii. Westernization
  - iii. Role and status
6. Explain eight social problems in India 10
7. Explain the role of religion and marriage as a means of social control. 5+5=10
8. What is social movement? Mention three characteristics of social movement. Discuss in brief any social movement. 2+3+5=10

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[ PART-A : Objective ]

Choose the correct answer from the following :

1×20=20

1. Which of the following is one of the characteristics of society?
  - a. Society depends only on likeness
  - b. Society consists of people
  - c. There is no cooperation and division of labour
  - d. None of the above
2. Social Stratification means.
  - a. Socialisation
  - b. Social change
  - c. Division of Labour
  - d. Division of people on the basis of birth and social status
3. The role of religion has been
  - a. Harmonising
  - b. To bring the people closer
  - c. To provide faith to men/women in distress
  - d. All of the above
4. Who defined Democracy as a "government of the people, by the people and for the people."
  - a. Ogburn and Nimkoff
  - b. Abraham Lincoln
  - c. McIver and Page
  - d. Sardar Panikar
5. Family is an example of .....
  - a. Primary group
  - b. Secondary group
  - c. Both 'a' and 'b'
  - d. None of the above
6. Which of the following pairs match correctly?
  - a. Vertical social mobility - Bank peon becoming an IAS officer
  - b. Role - Loved ones
  - c. Society - Position in a community
  - d. Community - Social control
7. Which of the following are the agents of socialization?
  - a. Family, neighborhood, school and mass media
  - b. Family and neighborhood
  - c. Family, neighborhood, school, peer groups and mass media
  - d. None of the above
8. Which among the following is correct?
  - a. Roles do not figure in the process of socialisation
  - b. A person can perform his role without the cooperation of his social environment
  - c. The social roles that an individual performs do not constitute his social personality
  - d. An individual in the course of his life performs a number of different roles
9. Which of the following is one of the characteristics of Marriage?
  - a. Marriage is not an social institution
  - b. Marriage creates mutual obligations
  - c. Marriage requires purification
  - d. None of the above
10. Which commission in its report admitted that there is wide gulf between "the contents of the present education and purposes and the concerns of national development."
  - a. The Dandekar Commission
  - b. The Balwant Rai Mehta Commission
  - c. The Sachdeva Commission
  - d. The Kothari Commission
11. The.....implies traditional occupational obligations between castes.
  - a. barter system
  - b. clan system
  - c. jajmani system
  - d. kinship system
12. Who defined social movement as "a collective effort to promote or resist change"?
  - a. M.N. Srinivas
  - b. Horton and Hunt
  - c. MacIver and Page
  - d. None of the above
13. Who said...."All social movements begin with some feeling of discontent with the existing social order..."
  - a. Q.P. Smelser
  - b. R.L. Smelser
  - c. N.J. Smelser
  - d. S.A. Smelser

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**[PART (A) : OBJECTIVE]**

Duration : 20 Minutes

Serial no. of the  
main Answer sheet

5

- 14. Which of the following are the causes of conformity?
  - a. Socialization, ideology, indoctrination, habituation, group identification
  - b. Socialization, role conflict, status
  - c. Primary and secondary groups
  - d. None of the above
  
- 15. Culture is .....
  - a. Learnt and shared
  - b. Continuous and cumulative
  - c. Dynamic and adaptive
  - d. All of the above
  
- 16. Which of the following article abolishes untouchability as per Indian Constitution?
  - a. Article 15
  - b. Article 17
  - c. Article 18
  - d. Article 21
  
- 17. Which of the following article empowers the President of India to appoint a Commissioner to look after the tribal welfare activities?
  - a. Article 335
  - b. Article 336
  - c. Article 338
  - d. Article 239
  
- 18. Who enunciated the five principles i.e. *Panchasheela* for tribal communities?
  - a. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru
  - b. Mahatma Gandhi
  - c. Verrie Elwin
  - d. Lal Bhadur Shastri
  
- 19. Who defined social structure...*"an arrangement of persons in institutionally controlled or defined relationships.."*
  - a. Radcliff Brown
  - b. Morris Ginsberg
  - c. MacIver
  - d. George Murdock
  
- 20. Which of the following is an example of ascribed status?
  - a. Doctor
  - b. Childhood
  - c. Professor
  - d. None of the above

Course : .....

Semester : ..... Roll No : .....

Enrollment No : ..... Course code : .....

Course Title : .....

Session : ..... 2017-18 ..... Date : .....

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**Instructions / Guidelines**

- The paper contains twenty (20) / ten (10) questions.
- Students shall tick (✓) the correct answer.
- No marks shall be given for overwrite / erasing.
- Students have to submit the Objective Part (Part-A) to the invigilator just after completion of the allotted time from the starting of examination.

Full Marks	Marks Obtained
20	

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Scrutinizer's Signature

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Examiner's Signature

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Invigilator's Signature