REV-00 MSO/22/28

# MA SOCIOLOGY FIRST SEMESTER Sociology of North East India MSO - 105

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Marks: 70

# Part : A (Objective) = 20 Part : B (Descriptive) = 50

## [ PART-B : Descriptive ]

Duration: 2 Hrs. 40 Mins.

Marks: 50

# [Answer question no. One (1) & any four (4) from the rest]

1.	Write with examples on unity in diversity in the context of North East India.	10
2.	Write the details of Constitutional provisions for North East India.	10
3.	Explain with data the rural-urban distribution of population in North East India.	10
4.	Explain with data the tribal-nontribal distribution of population in North East India.	10
5.	Briefly write about the traditional and modern social institutions in North East India.	10
6.	Dowry and Bride-price are two opposite institutions relating to marriages in present North East India – explain.	10
7.	Define social problem. Mention its types, causes and stages.	2+2+3+3 =10
8.	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any two:</li> <li>a. Immigration,</li> <li>b. Child labour,</li> <li>c. Substance abuse,</li> <li>d. HIV/AIDS.</li> </ul>	2×5=10

REV-00 MSO/22/28

### MA SOCIOLOGY FIRST SEMESTER Sociology of North East India MSO – 105

#### [ PART-A : Objective ]

#### Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

2017/12

- 1. ..... was Union Territory just after independence.
  - a. Assam
  - b. Meghalaya
  - c. Manipur
  - d. Mizoram
- 2. ..... was the first state to get separated from united Assam.
  - a. Manipur
  - b. Meghalaya
  - c. Nagaland
  - d. Tripura
- 3. Jamatia is a major tribal community of .....
  - a. Arunachal Pradesh
  - b. Assam
  - c. Mizoram
  - d. Tripura
- 4. Khampti is a community predominantly found in
  - a. Arunachal Pradesh
  - **b.** Assam
  - c. Manipur
  - d. Nagaland
- 5. Ancestral property is customarily inherited by youngest daughter among the ....
  - a. Apatanis
  - b. Assamese
  - c. Garos
  - d. Nepalese
- 6. Proportion of urban population (2011 census) was more in .....
  - a. Assam
  - **b.** Manipur
  - c. Mizoram
  - d. Tripura

- 7. The lowest population density was in the state of.....
  - a. Arunachal Pradesh
  - b. Assam
  - c. Manipur
  - d. Sikkim
- 8. The decadal population growth rate (2001-2011) was negative (-) in the state of
  - a. Arunachal Pradesh
  - b. Assam

.....

- c. Nagaland
- d. Sikkim
- 9. The plain tribe having highest population is .....
  - a. Assamese
  - b. Bodo
  - c. Rabha
  - d. Tiwa
- 10. The decadal population growth rate (2001-2011) was highest in ......a. Arunachal Pradesh
  - b. Assam
  - c. Manipur
  - d. Meghalaya
- 11. The lowest number of towns (2011 census) was in ......a. Arunachal Pradesh
  - b. Assam
  - c. Sikkim
  - d. Tripura
- 12. The highest number of villages (2011 census) was in .....
  - a. Arunachal Pradesh
  - b. Assam
  - c. Manipur
  - d. Nagaland
- 13. Dony-Polo is an indigenous religion found in .....
  - a. Arunachal Pradesh
  - b. Assam
  - c. Sikkim
  - d. Tripura
- 14. Lepcha is a community found in .....
  - a. Arunachal Pradesh
  - b. Assam
  - c. Manipur
  - d. Sikkim

- 15. Inner Line Regulation as a way of protecting indigenous people's rights is applicable in
  - a. Arunachal Pradesh
  - b. Assam
  - c. Sikkim
  - d. Tripura
- **16.** Prevalence rate of HIV/AIDS is highest in .....
  - a. Meghalaya
  - b. Manipur
  - c. Assam
  - d. Tripura
- 17. ..... was not a social problem in ancient India.
  - a. Sati
  - b. Dowry
  - c. Purdah
  - d. Slavery
- **18.** Bride-price is found practiced among the .....
  - a. Bodos
  - b. Tiwas
  - c. Lalungs
  - d. Adis
- **19.** Dolung kebang as village council is found among the .....
  - a. Garos
  - b. Khamptis
  - c. Adis
  - d. Monpas
- **20.** Khasi, Garo and Jaintia families are matrilineal and matriarchal, while their societies are not True or False
  - a. True
  - b. False

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# **UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, MEGHALAYA**

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Unceiting Decidence		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Roll No :	
Enrollment No :	Course code :	
Course Title :		
Session: 20	17-18 Date :	
*****	Instructions / Guidelines	******

- > The paper contains twenty (20) / ten (10) questions.
- > Students shall tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct answer.
- > No marks shall be given for overwrite / erasing.
- $\succ$  Students have to submit the Objective Part (Part-A) to the invigilator just after

completion of the allotted time from the starting of examination.

Full Marks	Marks Obtained
20	