REV-01
BLB/05/10

2025/11

SET A

BBA LLB
THIRD SEMESTER
LEGAL LANGUAGE
BBLB – 301 [REPEAT]

[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Objective

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

1. The meaning of "Res ipsa loquitur" is:
   a. The thing speaks for itself
   b. Act without delay
   c. Law is supreme
   d. Evidence is required

2. "Ignorantia facti excusat, ignorantia juris non excusat" means:
   a. Ignorance of law excuses
   b. Ignorance of fact excuses, ignorance of law does not
   c. Law punishes mistakes
   d. None of the above

3. "Actio personalis moritur cum persona" refers to:
   a. Personal action dies with the person
   b. Actions are eternal
   c. Laws are universal
   d. None of the above

4. The principle of "Volenti non fit injuria" states:
   a. Law punishes negligence
   b. Law ignores consent
   c. No injury is done to one who consents
   d. None of the above

5. A common problem of legal language is:
   a. It is too simple for legal purposes
   b. Excessive use of technical terms and Latin phrases making it hard to understand
   c. It uses everyday language only
   d. It avoids clarity intentionally

6. The term *Malafide* refers to:
   a. Acting in good faith
   b. Acting with dishonest intention or bad faith
   c. Acting without law
   d. Acting for public interest

7. What is a "tort" in civil law?
   a. A criminal offense
   b. A civil wrong causing harm or loss to a person
   c. A breach of contract punishable by imprisonment
   d. None

8. What does the term *Bona Fide* mean in legal context?
   a. In bad faith
   b. In good faith
   c. Without intention
   d. Against the law

9. Which of the following is NOT a function of lawyers?
   a. Protecting clients' rights
   b. Representing clients in courts
   c. Passing laws in Parliament
   d. None

10. What is the primary role of a lawyer in the legal system?
   a. To make laws
   b. To advise, represent, and protect the rights of clients
   c. To enforce the law personally
   d. To punish criminals

11. Which of the following is a key feature of effective legal writing?
   a. Use of long and complex sentences
   b. Clarity and precision
   c. Ambiguity to cover all possibilities
   d. Avoiding headings and subheadings

12. What is the main purpose of legal writing?
   a. To entertain the reader
   b. To communicate legal ideas clearly and persuasively
   c. To confuse opposing parties
   d. To use as many Latin terms as possible

13. Which structure is commonly followed in legal writing?
   a. Introduction, Argument, Conclusion
   b. Abstract, Hypothesis, Results
   c. Question, Answer, Reference
   d. None of the above

14. Advocacy in the legal profession is often described as an art because:
   a. It involves strict adherence to rules only
   b. It requires skillful persuasion, reasoning, and effective communication
   c. It focuses on memorizing laws
   d. It is always about winning at any cost

15. Which of the following is a key characteristic of legal language?
   a. Ambiguity and vagueness
   b. Precision and technicality
   c. Informal and conversational style
   d. Use of metaphors and poetry

16. "Plaintiff" in a civil case refers to:
   a. The person who defends the case
   b. The person who initiates the lawsuit
   c. The judge hearing the case
   d. A witness in the case

17. "Defendant" in civil law means:
   a. The person filing the lawsuit
   b. The judge of the court
   c. The person against whom the lawsuit is filed
   d. None

18. Who is the "accused" in a criminal case?
   a. The person filing the complaint
   b. The judge
   c. The witness
   d. The person charged with committing a crime

19. "Cognizable offense" refers to:
   a. An offense for which police can register a case without court permission
   b. An offense that requires civil compensation
   c. An offense punishable only by fine
   d. A minor dispute

20. Which of the following is a common remedy in civil law?
    a. Imprisonment
    b. Compensation (damages)
    c. Death penalty
    d. Public shaming

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Descriptive

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min. **Marks : 50**

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. What is meant by the term advocacy? Why is it often regarded as an art form within the legal profession? **2+8=10**

2. Write short notes *(any two)* **5+5=10**
    a. Types of language
    b. Writing case comment
    c. Precedent

3. Write short notes *(any two)* **5+5=10**
    a. Actus dei nemini facit injuriam & Noscitur a sociis
    b. Actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea & Audi alterm partem.
    c. Demnum sine injuria & Qui facit per alium facit per se

4. What do you mean by legal writing? Explain the structure of legal writing with suitable examples to support your answer. **2+8=10**

5. What are the main functions of lawyers in the legal system, and how do their roles help in protecting rights, delivering justice, and upholding the rule of law? **5+5= 10**

6. What is meant by legal language, and what are the various problems or difficulties faced in understanding and using it effectively in the field of law? **5+5=10**

7. What is the relationship between law and language, and how has the history of legal language evolved? 5+5=10

8. Explain the concepts of ***actus reus*** and ***mens rea*** in legal terminology, highlighting their significance in determining criminal liability. Give illustration 10

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