REV-01
BBLB/01/05

2025/06

**SET A**

# BBA LLB
# FOURTH SEMESTER
# RIGHT TO EDUCATION
# BBLB - 406 $H_2$ CL

[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**Duration: 3 hrs.** **Full Marks: 70**

## Objective

**Time: 30 min.** **Marks: 20**

***Choose the correct answer from the following:*** ***1×20=20***

1. By which Amendment the "Right to Education" was added into the chapter of Fundamental Rights?
   a. 42nd Amendment
   b. 44th Amendment
   c. 52nd Amendment
   d. 86th Amendment

2. Which of the following provisions of the Constitution of India mentions about the concept of 'Intelligible differentia'?
   a. Article 25
   b. Article 21
   c. Article 20
   d. Article 14

3. "Education is the most powerful weapon which you can use to change the world"-Who said this statement?
   a. Nelson Mandela
   b. J.S. Mill
   c. Abraham Lincoln
   d. Mahatma Gandhi

4. Which Article of the Constitution of India deals with "Right to work"?
   a. Article 32
   b. Article 41
   c. Article 42
   d. Article 44

5. Which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India deals with "Charter of Education Rights"?
   a. Article 30
   b. Article 26
   c. Article 29
   d. Article 32

6. In which of the following case of the Supreme Court 'Secularism' is considered to be the basic feature of the Constitution of India?
   a. Kesavananda Bharati vs State of Kerela
   b. S.R. Bommai vs Union of India
   c. Maneka Gandhi vs Union of India
   d. None of the above

7. Which of the following group of Constitutional Provisions deal with 'Right to Religion'?
   a. Article25-28
   b. Article 14-18
   c. Article 20-22
   d. Article 23-24

8. Which Article of the Constitution of India deals with Early Childhood care and education to children below the age of six years?
   a. Article 32
   b. Article 41
   c. Article 42
   d. Article 45

9. Residuary Powers are vested in-
   a. The Central Government
   b. The State Government
   c. Local self-Government
   d. None of the above

10. How many lists are mentioned under the Constitution of India?
   a. 3
   b. 2
   c. 1
   d. 4

11. In which of the following lists the word 'Prison' has been mentioned??
   a. Union List
   b. State List
   c. Concurrent List
   d. Residuary subject

12. Which schedule of the Constitution of India deals with "Division of Powers"?
   a. 1st
   b. 4th
   c. 9th
   d. 7th

13. In which year University Grants Commission becomes a statutory body?
   a. 1988
   b. 1977
   c. 1956
   d. 1945

14. How many total schedules are mentioned in the National Higher Education & Research Council (Bill)?
   a. 5
   b. 4
   c. 3
   d. 2

15. Who is called as the father of Modern Education system in India?
   a. Johann Heinrich Pestalozzi
   b. Lord Thomas Babington Macaulay
   c. Neelkanta Ramkrishna Menon
   d. None of the above

16. With reference to Bar Council of India, consider the following statements.
   I. It is a constitutional body.
   II. Both Attorney General and Solicitor General are the ex officio members.
   III. It recognizes the Universities whose degree in law shall be a qualification for enrollment as an advocate.
   Select the incorrect statement.
   a. I only
   b. II & III only
   c. I & II only
   d. II only

17. When the Union Cabinet did approve the New National Education Policy (NEP), 2020?
   a. On 29th July, 2020
   b. On 29th Aug, 2020
   c. On 29th Sept, 2020
   d. On 29th Oct, 2020

18. Who was the chairman of NEP 2020 drafting Committee?
   a. Kailas Sivan
   b. Dr. k. Kasturirangan
   c. Prof. Yaspal Sharma
   d. Prof. G. Rajagopal

19. The current 10+2 school curriculum to be replaced by a new structure-
   a. 5+3+3+4
   b. 5+4+3+3
   c. 5+2+3+4
   d. 4+3+3+5

20. Which of the following sections of the Right to Education Act, 2009 deals with the definition of 'Child'?
   a. Section 2(f)
   b. Section 2 (a)
   c. Section 2(c)
   d. Section 2(e)

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## ( Descriptive )

**Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.** **Marks : 50**

***[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]***

1. How has the Right to Education evolved in post-independent India? Discuss the key constitutional provisions related to the Right to Education? **4+6=10**

2. Affirmative action was never meant to be permanent and now is truly the time to move on to some other approach- Critically discuss this statement with the help of Constitutional provisions **10**

3. Write short notes on: **5+5=10**
   a. Concept of Minority Rights and it's protection under the Constitution of India.
   b. Secularism in India.

4. "The 7th Schedule to the Constitution of India defines and specifies allocation of powers and functions between Union & States". -Discuss the above statement. **10**

5. Write briefly about the objectives of the UGC Act. Discuss the role of UGC in the Education System of India. **4+6=10**

6. Discuss the salient features of the National Education Policy, 2020. Do you believe this policy to be beneficial ? Explain. 7+3=10

7. Discuss the concept of Natural Justice with the help of it's principles. 10

8. Critically analyse the salient features of the Right to Education Act. 10

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