

**BA LLB
THIRD SEMESTER
HISTORY III: CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA
BLB – 304 [REPEAT]**
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

1. By which Legislation the power of the East India Company was transferred to the British Crown?
 - a. Charter of 1884
 - b. Government of India Act 1935
 - c. The Government of India Act, 1858
 - d. The Indian Councils Act 1909
2. Which Government of India Act/charter Act generated the post of Governor-General of BritishIndia?
 - a. Charter Act-1833
 - b. Government of India Act 1935
 - c. Charter Act-1813
 - d. The Government of India Act, 1858
3. Who was the Viceroy of India when the Indian Councils Act, 1909 was passed?
 - a. Wavell
 - b. Montague
 - c. John Morley
 - d. Minto
4. Under which Act, the British Crown introduced dyarchy in the province in India?
 - a. Indian Councils Act of 1861
 - b. Government of India Act, 1919
 - c. Indian Councils Act of 1892
 - d. Government of India Act, 1935
5. The Simon Commission Consist of:
 - a. 5 members
 - b. 6 members
 - c. 7 members
 - d. 8 members
6. Which of the following Act passed by the British crown gave separate representation to the Muslims?
 - a. The Indian Councils Act, 1909
 - b. Indian Councils Act, 1892
 - c. Charter of 1861
 - d. The Government of India Act, 1858
7. Who was the Secretary of States when the Indian Council Act, 1909 was passed?
 - a. Lord Minto
 - b. John Morley
 - c. William Bentinck
 - d. Lord Clive
8. The Government of India Act, 1935 consist of :
 - a. 9 Schedules
 - b. 10 Schedules
 - c. 11 Schedules
 - d. 12 Schedules
9. Under which Act the British Crown introduced Dyarchy in the Centre in India?
 - a. Government of India Act, 1919
 - b. The Indian Councils Act, 1909
 - c. Government of India Act, 1935
 - d. The Government of India Act, 1858

10. The partition of British India into two independent nations India and Pakistan was done according to :
 - a. Mountbatten Plan
 - b. Cabinet Mission Plan
 - c. Wavell Plan
 - d. Cripps Proposal
11. By which Act, the Federal Court was established in India?
 - a. The Government of India Act, 1858
 - b. The Government of India Act, 1935
 - c. The Indian Council Act, 1909
 - d. The Indian Independence Act, 1947
12. Who had become the first Governor-General of India after independence?
 - a. DrRajendra Prasad
 - b. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - c. Lord Pethick Lawrence
 - d. Lord Mountbatten
13. In which year, dyarchy was abolished in the Provinces?
 - a. 1930
 - b. 1909
 - c. 1935
 - d. 1921
14. In which Country Privy Council was established?
 - a. China
 - b. India
 - c. England
 - d. USA
15. Which of the following proposals was included in the Cripps Mission plan?
 - a. Immediate transfer of power to Indians
 - b. India to become a Dominion after the war
 - c. Partition of India before independence
 - d. Creation of a separate Muslim state
16. Which of the following Acts introduced the bicameral legislature at the Centre for the first time?
 - a. Indian Councils Act, 1909
 - b. Government of India Act, 1919
 - c. Government of India Act, 1935
 - d. Indian Independence Act, 1947
17. Which Section of the Government of India Act, 1919, Simon Commission was established?
 - a. Section 82-A
 - b. Section 83-A
 - c. Section 84-A
 - d. Section 85-A
18. Who was the queen of England when the Government of India Act, 1858 was enacted?
 - a. Queen Victoria
 - b. Queen Mary I
 - c. Queen Elizabeth I
 - d. Queen Elizabeth II
19. Cripps Mission came to India in the year:
 - a. 1935
 - b. 1947
 - c. 1942
 - d. 1940
20. Who was the chairman of the Nehru Report Committee?
 - a. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - b. Motilal Nehru
 - c. B.R Ambedkar
 - d. M.A Ansari

(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Explain the Circumstances that led to the passing of the Government of India Act, 1858? Discuss the main provisions of the Government of India Act, 1858? 3+7=10
2. Discuss the important changes introduced by the Indian Councils Act, 1909. 10
3. What are the main provisions introduced by the Government of India Act, 1935? 10
4. Write a note on the changes introduced by the Government of India Act, 1919 10
5. Write note on: 5+5=10
 - a. Simon Commission
 - b. Cabinet Mission Plan
6. What are main provisions of the Indian Independence Act, 1947? 10
7. What are the different provisions of Cripps Proposals? What are the reasons for failure of Cripps Proposals? 6+4=10
8. Discuss the salient features of the Constitution of India in detail. 10

== *** ==