

**BA LLB
NINTH SEMESTER
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS -I
BLB - 902**
(USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

**SET
B**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

1. If you write an original story, what type of intellectual property gives you the right to decide who can make and sell copies of your work?
 - a. Copyright
 - b. Geographical indications
 - c. Patents
 - d. Registered designs
2. Which act governs copyright in India?
 - a. The Patent Act, 1970
 - b. The Trademark Act, 1999
 - c. The Copyright Act, 1958
 - d. None of the above
3. The term "WIPO" stands for:-
 - a. World Investment policy organization
 - b. World intellectual property organization
 - c. Wildlife Investigation and Policing organization
 - d. World institute for Prevention of organized crime
4. Disputes in the WTO are essentially about broken promises. WTO members have agreed that if they believe fellow-members are violating trade rules, they will use the.....
 - a. International trade law principles
 - b. Multilateral system of settling disputes instead of taking action unilaterally
 - c. Use Sanctions
 - d. Use Negotiations and Good Offices
5. The General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade came into force on -----
 - a. 1st January 1948
 - b. 15 January 2020
 - c. 7th March 1950
 - d. 20th March 1954
6. Which of the following can you copyright?
 - a. Literary work
 - b. Ideas
 - c. Choreographic work
 - d. Fashion
7. Which organization administers the TRIPS Agreement?
 - a. World Trade Organization (WTO)
 - b. World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)
 - c. United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)
 - d. United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)

8. The "Sweat of the Brow" doctrine is associated with:
 - a. Copyright law
 - b. Trademark law
 - c. Patent law
 - d. Trade secret law
9. The doctrine of "fair dealing" is applicable to:
 - a. Patents
 - b. Trademarks
 - c. Copyrights
 - d. Geographical indications
10. Which of the following can be patented?
 - a. A mathematical formula
 - b. A scientific theory
 - c. A new and useful process
 - d. An abstract idea
11. The Berne Convention primarily deals with:
 - a. Patents
 - b. Copyright
 - c. Trademarks
 - d. Industrial designs
12. In the case of Yahoo! Inc. v. Akash Arora, the court dealt with:
 - a. Domain name infringement
 - b. Patent infringement
 - c. Copyright violation
 - d. Design infringement
13. is the first owner of a book's copyright.
 - a. Author
 - b. Publisher
 - c. Translator
 - d. Printing press owner
14. The IPR Complete specification gives ____
 - a. Full description of claim only
 - b. Full description of royalty
 - c. Full description of invention
 - d. None of the above
15. The Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property was signed-
 - a. 1867
 - b. 1883
 - c. 1901
 - d. 1925
16. What is the typical duration of a patent?
 - a. 5 years
 - b. 15 years
 - c. 20 years
 - d. Lifetime
17. Patents can be granted for?
 - a. Process
 - b. Ideas
 - c. Both product and process
 - d. Product
18. What is a patent?
 - a. Exclusive rights granted to an inventor to protect their invention
 - b. Permission to manufacture and sell a product without restrictions
 - c. A contract between two parties for the use of intellectual property
 - d. A government subsidy for research and development project
19. The rights provided by copyrights are-
 - a. Reproduction of the work in various forms
 - b. Public performance and translate into other languages
 - c. Broadcasting by radio or cable
 - d. All of the above

20. A new way to process milk so that there is no fat in any cheese made from it. Which form of IPR shall apply?
- a. Copy rights
 - b. Trade mark
 - c. Patent
 - d. Industrial designs

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(**Descriptive**)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. What is Intellectual Property Rights? Why are such rights important in developing countries? 5+5=10
2. Explain the concept of the "Two-Part Copyright" in a musical work. Identify the two main types of copyright that exist in a single song and briefly state what each one protects and who typically owns it. 5+5=10
3. Explain how IP challenges related to traditional knowledge disproportionately affect women in Indigenous and local communities. 10
4. Differentiate between patent and copyright as forms of intellectual property. Explain the subject matter, scope of rights, and duration for each, providing suitable examples 5+5=10
5. Explain the inventions that are non -patentable under the Indian Patent Act 10
6. What is copyright and what can be protected using copyright? Describe the concept of Literary Work under the Act 5+5=10

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| 7. Elaborate the role of IPR in Genetically Modified plants and animals. | 10 |
| 8. Describe the evolving landscape of online IP infringement, detailing specific issues such as cybersquatting, domain name disputes, online piracy of copyrighted material, and the unauthorized use of trademarks | 10 |

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