

**BA LLB
TENTH SEMESTER
PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW
BLB - 1002**
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET
A**

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 80

Time : 30 min.

(Objective)

Marks : 30

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×10=10

1. Which treaty established the International Criminal Court (ICC)?
 - a. Geneva Convention
 - b. Rome Statute
 - c. Vienna Convention
 - d. Treaty of Versailles
2. Which Article of the ICJ Statute deals with sources of International Law?
 - a. Article 30
 - b. Article 35
 - c. Article 38
 - d. Article 40
3. Extradition means-
 - a. Exchange of diplomats
 - b. Exchange of consul
 - c. Capturing of criminals
 - d. Exchange of criminals to other states
4. Which one of the following is not a source of international law ?
 - a. Constitutions of Sovereign States
 - b. Treaties
 - c. International Conventions
 - d. International Customs and Practices
5. A state which remains under the suzerainty of another state is called-
 - a. Vassal state
 - b. Federal state
 - c. State
 - d. None of the above
6. Which institution settles legal disputes between states under international law?
 - a. UNESCO
 - b. UN General Assembly
 - c. World Trade Organization
 - d. International Court of Justice
7. Non permanent members in Security Council are appointed for a period of-
 - a. One year
 - b. Two year
 - c. Five year
 - d. three year
8. Blockade is used as a means of war by a state and it is-
 - a. applied on vessels of all states
 - b. applied in the coast
 - c. applied in a part of coast of enemy
 - d. all of the above
9. The Vienna Convention has classified all the treaties into-
 - a. Bilateral treaties
 - b. Plurilateral treaties
 - c. Multilateral treaties
 - d. Both (a) and (c)
10. The Alabama Arbitration case is related to:
 - a. Neutrality
 - b. Disarmament
 - c. International Terrorism
 - d. Genocide

Answer the following: (Use descriptive answer sheet)

2×10=20

1. What do you mean by the term "Pacta Sunt Servanda"?
2. What do you mean by the term International Law?
3. Write two differences between custom and usages
4. Who are combatant and non combatants?
5. Who can be a party to treaty under International Law?
6. Write two differences between Public and Private international law
7. Write two grounds when use of force by one state against another is lawful?
8. What do you mean by Contraband?
9. Write two purposes for establishment of United Nations?
10. Write two important reasons for failure of League of Nations?

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer the following questions]

1. a. Define International Law. What are the different sources of International Law? 3+7=10

Or

b. "International law did not emerge overnight; it is the cumulative product of centuries of diplomacy, conflict, cooperation, and conscience – shaped by empires, revolutions, and the universal quest for justice among nations." Explain. Explain the evolution and development of International Law. 3+7=10
2. a. Define the term 'State'. Explain the essential elements of State. 2+8=10

Or

b. Define Nationality. What are the different modes of acquisition and loss of Nationality? 2+8=10
3. a. Who is a Diplomatic Agent? Discuss the immunities and privileges enjoyed by the Diplomatic Agents. 2+8=10

Or

b. Discuss the amicable settlement of international disputes recognized under International Law? 10
4. a. Define Neutrality? Discuss the rights and duties of a neutral State recognized under International Law? 2+8=10

Or

b. Write a note on : 5+5=10
 - i. CTBT
 - ii. International Terrorism
5. a. Write a note on different organs of the United Nations Organization. 10

Or

b. Write a note on : 5+5=10
 - i. International Court of Justice
 - ii. International Criminal Court.

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