

BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK
SECOND SEMESTER
UN HUMAN RIGHTS LAW AND INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT
BSW – 202[REPEAT]
(USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

SET
A

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

1. The term inalienable in the context of human rights means:
 - a. Rights cannot be transferred or surrendered
 - b. Rights are given by the government
 - c. Rights apply only in democracies
 - d. Rights are based on economic status
2. Which of the following is a duty associated with freedom of speech?
 - a. The right to spread misinformation
 - b. Speaking responsibly without inciting violence
 - c. The right to insult others without consequences
 - d. Refusing to respect different opinions
3. Which of the following is an example of a fundamental human right?
 - a. The right to own a business
 - b. The right to participate in corruption
 - c. The right to life, liberty, and security
 - d. The right to exploit workers
4. A government is violating human rights if it:
 - a. Provides education to all citizens
 - b. Imposes arbitrary arrest and detention without trial
 - c. Promotes social justice
 - d. Ensures equal access to healthcare
5. The English Bill of Rights (1689) primarily influenced:
 - a. The United Nations Charter
 - b. The American and French Revolutions
 - c. The abolition of slavery
 - d. The Geneva Conventions

6. The UDHR was largely influenced by:
- a. World War II atrocities
 - b. The American Civil War
 - c. The Industrial Revolution
 - d. The Russian Revolution
7. What was the primary focus of the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action (1993)?
- a. Economic development
 - b. Reinforcing the universality of human rights
 - c. Military disarmament
 - d. Ending colonial rule
8. Which international body monitors human rights globally?
- a. The European Union
 - b. The International Criminal Court
 - c. The United Nations Human Rights Council
 - d. The International Monetary Fund
9. What was the goal of the Labor Rights Movement?
- a. Promote fair wages and safe working conditions
 - b. Abolish gender discrimination
 - c. Ensure universal healthcare
 - d. Promote corporate rights
10. Which body adopted the UDHR?
- a. League of Nations
 - b. UN Security Council
 - c. United Nations General Assembly
 - d. International Court of Justice
11. Which right is common to both ICCPR and UDHR?
- a. Right to marriage
 - b. Right to property
 - c. Right to vote
 - d. Right to life
12. Which institution promotes Human Rights Education in India?
- a. RBI
 - b. UGC
 - c. TRAI
 - d. IDRA
13. Which of the following best describes the UDHR?
- a. Legally binding treaty
 - b. A recommendation
 - c. A political document
 - d. A foundational human rights declaration
14. Under ICCPR, who monitors individual complaints?
- a. UN General Assembly
 - b. Human Rights Council
 - c. Human Rights Committee
 - d. OHCHR

15. Education as a right is ensured under:
- a. Article 15
 - b. Article 21A
 - c. Article 19
 - d. Article 16
16. Non-Governmental Organizations are crucial in:
- a. Enforcing court orders
 - b. Promoting awareness and monitoring human rights violations
 - c. Creating laws
 - d. Issuing writs
17. The NHRC was established under which Act?
- a. Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993
 - b. Human Rights Act, 1995
 - c. Fundamental Rights Act, 1994
 - d. Civil Liberties Act, 1993
18. In which year was the National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) established?
- a. 1991
 - b. 1993
 - c. 1995
 - d. 1997
19. Which Article contains the list of Fundamental Duties?
- a. Article 50
 - b. Article 51
 - c. Article 51A
 - d. Article 52
20. Which of the following is NOT a Fundamental Right?
- a. Right to Vote
 - b. Right to Equality
 - c. Right against Exploitation
 - d. Right to Freedom of Religion

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(Descriptive)

Time: 2 hr. 30 mins.

Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Write the concept of Rights and Human Rights and discuss the important characteristics of Human Rights. 2+2+6=10
2. What do you understand by the values of Human Rights? Discuss its core values in detail 3+7=10
3. Discuss what is Human Right? Write important theories on Human Rights. 3+7=10
4. Write a brief about UDHR 1948 and discuss its important provisions in detail. 3+7=10
5. Write a brief about International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights 1966 and discuss important Articles in detail. 3+7=10
6. Discuss Independence Movement and Making of the Constitution of India. 3+7=10
7. Write an overview of directive principles of state policy (DPSP) and elaborate its features in detail. 3+7=10
8. Write short notes on either of the following topics. 5+5=10
 - a. Fundamental rights & Indian constitution
 - b. Fundamental duties & Indian constitution
 - c. Rights and Duties
 - d. Features of the India Constitution

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