

REV-01
MSW/05/00

2025/05

**MASTER OF SOCIAL WORK
SECOND SEMESTER
WORKING WITH GROUPS
MSW – 201|REPEAT|**
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

{ Objective }

Marks: 20

1×20=20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1. Social Group Work Process consists of one worker and a group identified and followed by 5 stages of group development ----
 - a. Forming
 - b. Performing and Adjourning
 - c. Storming and Norming
 - d. All of the above
2. The members for group work are identified meaningfully with specific objectives such as ----
 - a. Achievement of goals
 - b. Understanding and agreement on major problems
 - c. Handling of behavioural problems
 - d. Acceptance and Support
3. Leadership in group work practice plays significant role in handling the dynamics of the group such as ----
 - a. Participation and performance
 - b. Distribution of responsibility
 - c. Rapport with individual
 - d. All of the above
4. Who among the following helped group work rooted in social work profession?
 - a. Kurt Lewin
 - b. H.B. Trecker
 - c. Murry G. Ross
 - d. G. Hamilton
5. Responsibility for the choice of programme in group work rest with -----?
 - a. Members of the group
 - b. Group worker
 - c. The Agency
 - d. Members of the group with the help of group worker
6. The basic objective of group work is -----?
 - a. Personality development
 - b. Problem solving
 - c. Readjustment
 - d. Remediation

7. Value of the programme in group work lies in?
- a. Establishing satisfying affective (love) relationship
 - b. Enhancing knowledge of possible alternative activities.
 - c. Giving expression to creative dynamics drives
 - d. Increasing proficiency in the chosen programme activity.
8. Programme in social group work is based on -----?
- a. Interest and resources
 - b. Interests and resources of the worker
 - c. Interests and resources of the group
 - d. None of the above.
9. Social group work as a method of social work aims at -----?
- a. Development of democratic life style
 - b. Development of leadership qualities
 - c. Development of capability of adjustment
 - d. All the above
10. Group morale refers to -----?
- a. Cooperation in a group
 - b. Coordination in a group
 - c. Unity in a group
 - d. Team spirit in a group.
11. Which of the following is NOT a principle of social group work?
- a. Confidentiality
 - b. Guided group interactions
 - c. Progressive programme development
 - d. Evaluation of the progress made by the group
12. Who was an early pioneer in the settlement house movement in London?
- a. Jane Addams
 - b. Harriet Belet
 - c. F. Hollis
 - d. Mary E. Richmond
13. The book "Social Group Work - A Helping Process" is authored by?
- a. H.B. Trecker
 - b. G. Konopka
 - c. G.H. Mead
 - d. Peter Samuel
14. Self-disclosure is an effective method of -----?
- a. Group study
 - b. Group diagnosis
 - c. Group relations
 - d. Group treatment
15. The stages of forming, storming, norming, performing, adjourning is the contribution of -----?
- a. Napier
 - b. Bruce Tuckmen
 - c. Anne Hopes
 - d. James Albert

(Descriptive)

Time: 2 hr. 30 mins.

Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Define Social Group Work. Write your concept of social groups. 2+8=10
2. a. Write the principles of Group work practice. 5+5=10
b. Explain the application of principle of Resource Utilization.
3. a. Discuss the roles of the group worker in different field setting. 5+5=10
b. Social group as an instrument of change. Comment
4. Write short notes on the following: 5+5=10
 - a) Types of social groups
 - b) Skills in practicing social group work
5. a. Briefly explain Tuckman's stages of group formation. 5+5=10
b. What are the principles you would apply during the pre-group formation stage. Discuss
6. Role Play as a programme media in group work practice. Justify. 10
7. Write short notes on the following: 5+5=10
 - a) Interview
 - b) Home Visit
8. Rapport building, skills and tools are the fundamental knowledge of the worker. Justify 10

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