

BA SOCIOLOGY
FIRST SEMESTER
INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY-I
BSO – 101 (IDMJ) [REPEAT]
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

2024/12

**SET
A**

Full Marks: 70

Duration: 3 hrs.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Time: 20 min.

1×20=20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1. Sociology is an academic discipline that is concerned with the functions, processes and structures of-
 - a. Community
 - b. Social institutions
 - c. Groups
 - d. Society

2. Scientific examination of human behavior is -
 - a. Civic sense
 - b. Anthropology
 - c. Social Science
 - d. None of the above

3. Age, sex and caste are set by-
 - a. Achieved
 - b. Ascribed
 - c. Per-set
 - d. status-set

4. When a married couple live near or with brides parents, then it is known as?
 - a. Matrilineal
 - b. Matriarchal
 - c. Matrilocal
 - d. Patrilocal

5. Family is typically defined as:
 - a. A group of people related by blood or marriage
 - b. Individuals living together in a community
 - c. A group of people sharing a common profession
 - d. Friends who support each other

6. Monogamy refers to-
 - a. Having multiple spouses at the same time
 - b. Having one spouse at a time
 - c. Not getting married
 - d. Being romantically involved without marriage

7. Patriarchy is a social system where-
- a. Power and authority are held by men
 - b. Power and authority are shared equally between men and women
 - c. Power and authority are held by women
 - d. Power and authority are not relevant
8. Which type of marriage involves a woman having more than one husband at the same time?
- a. Monogamy
 - b. Polygyny
 - c. Polyandry
 - d. Bigamy
9. The cultural practice of marrying within a specific social, cultural, or ethnic group is called:
- a. Exogamy
 - b. Endogamy
 - c. Monogamy
 - d. Polygamy
10. Levirate marriage involves-
- a. A man being married to multiple women
 - b. A woman having multiple husbands
 - c. A man marrying the widow of his deceased brother
 - d. A woman marrying the widower of her deceased sister
11. The division of society into categories, classes is known as
- a. Social groups
 - b. Social stratification
 - c. Social statuses
 - d. Social categories
12. Social mobility is more prevalent in
- a. Class
 - b. Caste
 - c. Slavery
 - d. Estate
13. Who gave the different types of authority?
- a. Hobbes
 - b. Locke
 - c. Marx
 - d. Weber
14. A family that one is born into is
- a. Family of procreation
 - b. Family of orientation
 - c. Family of blood
 - d. Family of origin

15. Which of the following is not a form of marriage?
a. Polygyny
b. Polyandry
c. Monogamy
d. Incest taboo
16. Knowledge is an example of _____ culture.
a. Explicit culture
b. Material culture
c. Non-material culture
d. None of the above
17. Which group plays an influential role during adolescence?
a. Peer group
b. Occupational group
c. Religious group
d. Out group
18. Gesellschaft is
a. Community
b. Association
c. Institution
d. Corporation
19. Who propounded the idea of 'cultural lag'?
a. Ogburn
b. Horton and Hunt
c. Maclver and Page
d. Risley
20. Which of the following is true about a community but not of institution?
a. It does not indicate procedures
b. It indicates procedures
c. It deals with one aspect of social life
d. It grows with the passage of time

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(Descriptive)

Time: 2 hr. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Discuss the social factors that led to the emergence of Sociology as a discipline. 10
2. What is sociological imagination? Differentiate between sociology and common sense. 3+7=10
3. Define social control. Discuss the various agencies of social control. 2+8=10
4. What is social stratification? Explain the various factors of social stratification. 10
5. Write short notes on: 5+5=10
 - (a) Family
 - (b) Marriage
6. Discuss the relationship of Sociology with other social sciences.
7. Write short notes on: 5+5=10
 - (a) Community and association
 - (b) Types of authority
8. Define social groups. Explain its types and characteristics. 2+4+4=10