

BSW
THIRD SEMESTER
INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT
BSW – 302
(USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

SET
A

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 20 min.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

$1 \times 20 = 20$

1. Historical perspectives in social development primarily help us understand:
 - a. Current economic policies
 - b. The evolution of social issues and responses
 - c. Technological advancements
 - d. Political ideologies
2. Social development is often measured by:
 - a. GDP growth
 - b. Trade Balance
 - c. Military expenditure
 - d. Human Development Index (HDI)
3. The role of Social Workers in International Social Development includes:
 - a. Advocating for social justice
 - b. Promoting individual wealth
 - c. Supporting government policies only
 - d. Focusing solely on local issues
4. What role do NGOs play in social development?
 - a. They limit community participation
 - b. They provide essential services and advocacy
 - c. They ignore local needs
 - d. They focus solely on profit
5. What is the potential benefit of public-private partnerships in social development?
 - a. Reduced community involvement
 - b. Increased Bureaucracy
 - c. Limited innovation
 - d. Enhanced resource mobilization
6. The concept of 'sustainability' in international social development refers to:
 - a. Short-term economic gains
 - b. Rapid industrialisation
 - c. Long-term social and environmental health
 - d. Increased consumerism
7. What is the focus of civil society organisations?
 - a. Advocacy and community service
 - b. Profit generation
 - c. Political power
 - d. Military support

8. What is the primary focus of the World Health Organisation (WHO)?
 - a. Economic development
 - b. Global health and well-being
 - c. Environmental protection
 - d. Cultural exchange
9. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are primarily aimed at:
 - a. Addressing global challenges and ensuring sustainable development
 - b. Promoting economic growth only
 - c. Limiting international cooperation
 - d. Focusing solely on developed countries
10. What is the significance of cultural competence in social work practice within a globalised context?
 - a. It promotes a one-size-fits-all approach
 - b. It is irrelevant to social work
 - c. It limits the scope of practice
 - d. It enhances the effectiveness of interventions with diverse populations
11. What is the focus of the Indigenous Rights Movement?
 - a. Promoting urban development
 - b. Advocating for the rights and recognition of Indigenous people
 - c. Limiting cultural practices
 - d. Supporting assimilation policies
12. What is a major consequence of income inequality?
 - a. Improved social cohesion
 - b. Increased access to education
 - c. Social unrest and conflict
 - d. Enhanced community development
13. What is the role of international organisations in addressing social development challenges?
 - a. To provide funding and support for development initiatives
 - b. To impose policies without local input
 - c. To limit the influence of local governments
 - d. To focus solely on economic growth
14. What is a common strategy for promoting gender equality?
 - a. Limiting women's rights
 - b. Empowering women through education and employment
 - c. Promoting traditional gender roles
 - d. Reducing women's participation in politics
15. Which of the following movements focuses on mental health awareness?
 - a. MeToo
 - b. Fridays for future
 - c. Workers' Rights Movements
 - d. Disability Rights Movement

16. Which of the following best describes the relationship between globalisation and social development?
- a. Globalisation can enhance social development opportunities
 - b. Globalisation has no impact on social development
 - c. Globalisation hinders social development
 - d. Globalisation only benefits developed countries
17. What is the impact of migration on social work practice in a globalised context?
- a. It simplifies social work interventions
 - b. It has no impact on social work
 - c. It creates new challenges and requires adaptation of services.
 - d. It reduces the need for social services.
18. Which organisation is primarily involved in promoting international social development?
- a. World Trade Organization (WTO)
 - b. World Health Organization
 - c. International Monetary Fund (IMF)
 - d. United Nations (UN)
19. Which of the following is a fundamental aspect of social development?
- a. Economic growth
 - b. Political power
 - c. Social equity
 - d. Technological Advancement
20. What is a major public health challenge in social development?
- a. Climate Change
 - b. Access to healthcare
 - c. Education
 - d. Globalisation

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(Descriptive)

Time: 2 hr. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

- [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Define International Social Development. What are its main goals? Discuss some of the key characteristics of International Social Development along with examples. 10
2. Discuss the Sustainable Development Goals. Choose 3 SDGs and elaborate on their importance for social development. 5+5=10
3. Discuss the role of the United Nations and its agencies, NGOs, and Civil Society Organisations in promoting social development. 10
4. Explain the positive and negative benefits of Globalisation on international social development. 10
5. Explain how Globalisation has influenced areas such as poverty, inequality, migration and human rights. 10
6. Discuss the impact of factors such as poverty, income inequality, climate change, accessibility to healthcare, political unrest, development, and empowerment approaches on social development. 10
7. Discuss the #BlackLivesMatter movement. Analyse the impact of this movement on global aspects like racial justice and social change. 10
8. What do you mean by international social work practice? Explain how social workers can address language barriers and cultural sensitivity across inter country settings. 10