

**BA LLB
FIRST SEMESTER
POLITICAL SCIENCE I
BLB - 102 OLD COURSE [REPEAT]
[USE ONE FOR OBJECTIVE PART]**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 20

Objective

Choose the correct answer from the following:

$$1 \times 20 = 20$$

1. "Civil Liberty is the Liberty of man in the capacity of an individual person- his personal liberty" who said this?
a. Barker
b. Herbert Spencer
c. Jeremy Bentham
d. James Mill
2. The State of Nature according to Hobbes is that of-
a. Peace and Goodwill
b. Justice and Equality
c. Conflict and insecurity
d. All of the Above
3. 'Liberty, Equality and Fraternity' was the idea of-
a. Russian Revolution
b. French Revolution
c. Arab Spring
d. Glorious Revolution
4. The word 'Sovereignty' is derived from the Latin word *Superanus* which means
a. Right
b. Legal
c. Popular
d. Supreme
5. The Behavioural Approach to the study of Political Science was propounded by-
a. John Austin
b. David Easton
c. William Godwin
d. Antonio Gramsci
6. State is a soulless machine- Who said this
a. Mahatma Gandhi
b. Karl Marx
c. T.H. Green
d. H.J. Laski
7. The Greek word 'Polis' denotes-
a. Good Life
b. Theory
c. City-State
d. Politics
8. The contemporary concept of state owes its origin to the idea of-
a. Max Weber
b. Karl Marx
c. C. Wright Mills
d. Machiavelli
9. According to the Social Contract Theory people surrender their natural rights to the
a. King
b. Sovereign
c. Government
d. Landlords

10. Which is the basic feature of Democracy?
a. Inequality
c. Equality
b. Free Trade
d. Restriction

11. "Political Science is the Science of State"- Who said this?
a. R.G. Gettle
c. Easton
b. Bluntschli
d. Catlin

12. According to the Tradition view of the study of Political Science, -
Politics is the study of State and
a. Government
c. Study of Class Struggle
b. Study of the Law
d. Study of Environment and policies

13. Scope of Political Theory is:
a. Study of Power
c. Study of State and Government
b. To determine the political principles
d. All of the Above

14. "Man by nature is a social animal" is the cornerstone of the philosophy of:
a. Plato
c. Aristotle
b. Socrates
d. Montesquieu

15. Traditional Approach to the Study of Political theory gives stress on-
a. Facts
c. Objectivity
b. Values
d. Precision

16. Hobbes theory of Social Contract is explained in his book-
a. Republic
c. Leviathan
b. Prince
d. Modern State

17. Liberty and Equality are-
a. Complementary to each other
c. Unrelated to each other
b. Contradictory to each other
d. None of the above

18. Which of the following statement is correct
a. Liberty means power to do whatever one pleases
b. Liberty means absence of all restraints
c. Liberty means absence of objection
d. Liberty is not total absence of restraints
d. but the existence of socially acceptable restraints

19. Identify the correct statement-
a. Economic Liberty means freedom from fear
b. Economic liberty means common ownership of the means of production and distribution
c. Local self-government is an important feature of economic liberty
d. Economic liberty aims at establishing free speech

20. Who is regarded as the father of Political Science
a. Hebermus
c. Plato
b. Aristotle
d. Rousseau

(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Define Political Science. Explain its nature and scope. 10
2. What is State? Explain briefly the rise and growth of modern nation state 10
3. Explain the Behavioural Approach to the study of Political Science 10
4. Discuss the Social Contract Theory of Origin of State as postulated by Thomas Hobbes 10
5. Analyze the difference between Law and Morality 10
6. Explain the concept of Equality along with the types 10
7. What is Gandhi's idea of state? Discuss 10
8. Define Sovereignty. What are its Characteristics? 10

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