

**BA LLB
THIRD SEMESTER
HISTORY-III:
CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA
BLB – 304**

**SET
B**

[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

$1 \times 20 = 20$

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1. The Simon Commission Consist of-
 - a. 5 members
 - b. 6 members
 - c. 7 members
 - d. 8 members
2. Under which Act, the Office of the Secretary of State for India was abolished?
 - a. The Indian Council Act, 1909
 - b. The Indian Independence Act, 1947
 - c. The Government of India Act, 1935
 - d. The Government of India Act, 1919
3. Under which Act the British Crown introduced Dyarchy in the Centre in India?
 - a. The Indian Councils Act, 1909
 - b. Government of India Act, 1919
 - c. The Government of India Act, 1858
 - d. Government of India Act, 1935
4. Who had become the last Governor-General of British India?
 - a. Lord Clive
 - b. Lord Mountbatten
 - c. Lord Minto
 - d. None of the above
5. The federal Assembly established under the Government of India Act, 1935 consist of-
 - a. 250 representatives
 - b. 240 representatives
 - c. 280 representatives
 - d. 235 representatives
6. Which Government of India Act/charter Act generated the post of Governor-General of India?
 - a. Charter Act-1833
 - b. Charter Act-1853
 - c. Charter Act-1813
 - d. Government of India Act -1858
7. Who was the Viceroy, when the Indian Council Act, 1909 was passed?
 - a. Lord Minto
 - b. John Morley
 - c. William Bentinck
 - d. Lord Clive
8. In which year, dyarchy was abolished in the Provinces?
 - a. 1930
 - b. 1909
 - c. 1935
 - d. 1921
9. The partition of British India into two independent nations India and Pakistan was done according to-
 - a. Mountbatten Plan
 - b. Cabinet Mission Plan
 - c. Wavell Plan
 - d. Cripps Proposal

10. Who was appointed as the Secretary of States in the year 1905?
 - a. John Morley
 - b. Lord Minto
 - c. Warren Hasting
 - d. Lord Hardinge
11. The Council of India established under the Government of India Act, 1858 consist of-
 - a. 15 members
 - b. 5 members
 - c. 10 members
 - d. 25 members
12. How many Ex-Officio members were appointed in the Supreme Legislative Council under the Indian Councils Act 1892?
 - a. 5
 - b. 9
 - c. 10
 - d. None of the above
13. Who was appointed as the First Viceroy of British India?
 - a. Lord Canning
 - b. Lord Hasting
 - c. Lord Minto
 - d. Cornwallis
14. Under which Act, the post of High Commissioner was created?
 - a. The Government of India Act, 1858
 - b. The Indian Councils Act, 1892
 - c. The Government of India Act, 1919
 - d. Government of India Act, 1935
15. In which year Simon commission was appointed?
 - a. 1927
 - b. 1935
 - c. 1920
 - d. 1921
16. In which year, first World War broke out?
 - a. 1912
 - b. 1911
 - c. 1914
 - d. 1945
17. In which Country Privy Council was established?
 - a. China
 - b. India
 - c. England
 - d. USA
18. By which Legislation the power of the East India Company was transferred to the British Crown?
 - a. Charter of 1884
 - b. The Indian Councils Act, 1861
 - c. The Government of India Act, 1858
 - d. Charter of 1853
19. In which year, Annie Besant became the President of Indian National Congress?
 - a. 1909
 - b. 1905
 - c. 1917
 - d. 1919
20. Which of the following statement is true?
 - a. Under the Indian Councils Act 1892, the Legislative Council was allowed to ask supplementary questions
 - b. Under the Indian Councils Act 1892, the Provincial Council could ask questions
 - c. Under the Indian Councils Act 1892, the Provincial Council could ask questions after giving 6 days notice
 - d. Under the Indian Councils Act 1892, the Provincial Council could ask questions after giving 9days notice

(**Descriptive**)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Discuss the salient features of the Constitution of India? 10
2. Write a note on critical appraisal of the Government of India Act, 1858. 10
3. What are the main provisions introduced in the Federal Government by the Government of India Act, 1935? 10
4. What is the composition and Qualification of Judges of the Federal Court introduced under the Government of India Act, 1935? Discuss the jurisdiction of the federal Court? 5+5=10
5. What are the reasons for the failure of Dyarchy introduced by the Government of India Act, 1919? 10
6. Discuss the important changes introduced by the Indian Councils Act, 1909. 10
7. What are the different provisions of Cripps Proposals? What are the reasons for failure of Cripps Proposals? 6+4=10
8. Write Short Note on: 5+5=10
 - a. Simon Commission
 - b. The Nehru Report

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